# 英语中考小作文偏题范文共37篇

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*英语中考小作文偏题范文 第一篇1、要做到切口小，即选取一个小的角度、巧的角度，小中见大。如以《草赞》为题作文，无疑要写成一篇“托物言志”的抒情散文。照一般的写法，一些考生往往扣住小草“\*凡”的特点来赞美在\*凡岗位上工作的人们——教师、环卫工...*

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第一篇**

1、要做到切口小，即选取一个小的角度、巧的角度，小中见大。如以《草赞》为题作文，无疑要写成一篇“托物言志”的抒情散文。照一般的写法，一些考生往往扣住小草“\*凡”的特点来赞美在\*凡岗位上工作的人们——教师、环卫工人等。而有个考生写此文巧取角度，抓住小草具有适应艰苦环境且有顽强生命力的特点，赞美一批下岗工人开办人们急需的“托老所”等服务性机构及其乐于奉献的精神。“赞小草”虽是老调，该考生却弹出了新意。

2、学会逆向思维，就是从话题的反面着手，确定写作的范围和内容。以“感动”这个话题为例，它的反面是不懂感动或者是不会感动。那我们就可以写一个说自己不懂“感动”的人，写他在母爱面前的心理和行动，写他的冷漠在母爱面前怎样一点一点被征服被融化，从而学会感动的过程。这样就能使自己的文章不落入俗套，不大众化，而给阅卷老师以“新颖”之感。

3、发挥联想和想像。学生发挥联想和想象，说别人所未说，讲别人所未讲，抒别人所未抒。比如以“歌声”为话题时，一位学生独辟蹊径，把自然界声音融成一曲美妙的乐曲，还有一位学生把寝室的打鼾写成了《夜半歌声》，这些都是让人耳目一新的感觉。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二篇**

Guangzhou Zoo is the largest one in our city.

The ticket for an adult is 80 yuan . The children over m in height can pay only half of it, and the ones under m can enter the zoo for free. The zoo opens from 9:00 am to 4:00pm on weekdays and from 8:00 am to 5:30 pm on weekends.

By the way, while visiting the zoo, you\'d better not feed the animals with the food you take.

And don\'t get too close to or even touch the animals. That would be very dangerous. Please keep the zoo clean as well.

Wish you a good time!

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第三篇**

English is a internetional language and its one of the most important language in the china,the english course has been popularized in primary it is very important to learn english well,but few of us know how to learn it well.

Karl Marx has set a good example for once said,one must use the language when learning a language,only in this way,can he master the an old saying gose,Practice makes we need to practice english deliberately,we should read more,write more,listen more and speak but not least,Dont be afraid of making mistakes.

All above,just try your best to learn english, I believe that God rewards those who work hard.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第四篇**

假如你班要就“如何为中考做准备”开一个主题班会，请写一篇发言稿，谈谈你认为在中考准备过程中要注意的事项及理由：1.保持良好情绪。不要焦虑和紧张，否则会没有面对困难的勇气。2.制定合适的目标。太低的目标使人懒散，太高的目标使人失去信心。3.不要熬夜，以确保上课时精力旺盛，注意力集中。4.多与父母、老师、同学交流沟通，以便走出困境。5.谈谈你的观点。

Boys and girls, the final exams are coming. What should we do in order to prepare well for the exams? Here are some suggestions.

Firstly, its very important for us to be in good moods. Dont be nervous or stressed. Otherwise, we will not have the courage to face difficulties. Secondly, we should have proper aims. If we aim too low, we may become lazy. If we aim too high, we may lose confidence. Thirdly, Dont stay up late so that we can make ourselves energetic in class and pay attention to our study. Fourthly, wed better have more communication with our parents, teachers and classmates. They can help us get out of trouble. Finally, a healthy diet is very useful as well.

With these done, I believe we can be successful in the exams.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第五篇**

命题作文是依据所给题目，确定中心，选择材料，写出符合题意，内容表达具体、充分的文章。写命题作文通常要注意以下几点：

一、审准题目：

文章的中心要对题目的分析来确定，一定要弄清主题的内涵，确立与文章联系的主题思想，表达不能游离于主题，否则即使内容再精彩，也是跑题作文，得分将会大打折扣，因此，写命题作文最重要的是先审清题目，确立要表现的中心。

二、构思结构：

就是开放思路，启动联想，构想表现形式，勾勒出文章的结构层次，依次写出引言段，主题句，发展段和结尾句，努力使之新颖，别致。

三、选择材料：

这一点很重要，一定要围绕想表现的中心去选择组织材料，所选的材料必须典型精要。

四、表达：

就是用最确切明了的语言贯穿材料，表达自己的思想，力争用符合英语语法规则。英语表达习惯，最顺畅自然的词，句，段去表达中心思想，与表现中心无关的话即使再生动形象也不要去写。就写作的目的表现形式来看，命题作文分为三种形式：

1、记叙文类；

2、说明文类；

3、议论文类。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第六篇**

How to Keep Healthy Firstly, build normal daily routine and eat regularly. You should go to bed and get up early. Make sure you can have a good rest. Pay attention to your diets. Dont eat too much meat and sugar. Eat more vegetables.

首先，建立正常的作息，饮食规律。你应该早睡早起，确保你能够有良好的.睡眠。注意你的饮食，不要吃太多肉和糖，多吃蔬菜。

Secondly, have a good mood towards life. A good mood will bring you a healthy body, too.

其次，对生活抱有好心境。一个好的心情也会给你带来一个健康的身体。

Last, do some exercises. Exercises help you build a strong and healthy body.

最后，要多锻炼。锻炼能够帮助你建立强壮健康的身体。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第七篇**

中考英语作文评分细则

满分档（20分）：长度符合要求（100—110字），书写规范，涵盖所有要点，结构规范，条理清楚，逻辑严密，词汇丰富，没有任何语法错误。

第五档（15—19分）：文本长度符合要求，书写规范，涵盖所有要点，结构规范，条理清楚，逻辑严密，词汇比较丰富有少量语法错误。

第四档（9—14分）：文本长度符合要求，书写规范，基本涵盖要点（有2要点得给9—10分），行文比较连贯，词汇不够丰富，有一些语法错误。

第三档（6—8分）：文本长度与要求有明显距离，书写不规范，要点不完整（只有1个要点），行文不连贯，词汇量不足，错误较多，勉强能看出作文意图。

第二档（3—5分）：能用句子表达，错误百出，只能勉强猜测出作文意图。

第一档（0—2分）：有一些英语单词，但与话题毫不相干。（白卷0分）

拓展阅读：中考英语复习注意事项

1、每天要坚持听录音、跟读初三的英语课文，在听读过程中留意单词拼写、重点词汇与句型以及需要掌握的语言点，从而进一步落实基础知识。

2、花一些时间整理中考模拟卷和纠错本，帮助自己查漏补缺、温故知新，从而达到有效复习的目的。同时尽可能利用你的周围资源，如请同学和老师来帮你答疑解惑。

3、适当地给自己增加一些中考模拟题的练习，但在做题的过程中应避免偏题和怪题。完型填空和阅读理解每天坚持做1—2篇，在规定时间内完成。良好的语感的养成对英语解题是很有用的。

4、在最后的复习阶段要提醒自己注重解题技巧。比如选择题应采用排除法等进行解答，以便确保准确率。

5、\*时应多看一些范文。

比如：报纸中的作文题，都会有范文提供，这些范文都应看一下，尤其要注意文中承前启后的句子，把这些句子正确的用在自己的作文中，得分就会高很多。\*时作文的得分在10分以下的，自己应该多练，并请老师给你面批，这样进步会很快。

6、临近中考时，家长和学生都会越来越担心到时候能否考好，所以也往往容易急躁和焦虑。作为家长很有必要帮助自己和孩子调整好心态。只有这样，学生在中考的考场上才能无所畏惧，信心百倍，最大限度地发挥自己的能力。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第八篇**

1. 动笔之前，认真审题

《中考考试说明》指出，书面表达要切中题意。怎样才能切中题意?就是要认真审题，看到考题后，先不要急于动笔，要仔细看清题目要求的内容。在自己的头脑中构思出一个框架或画面，确定短文的中心思想，不要匆匆下笔，看懂题意，根据、图表、提纲或短文提供的资料和信息来审题。审题要审格式、体裁、人物关系、故事情节、主体时态、活动时间、地点等。

2. 围绕中心，拟定提纲

书面表达评分原则有四条：

(1)内容要点;

(2)运用词汇和结构的数量;

(3)运用语法结构和词汇的准确性;

(4)上下文的连贯性。

由此可见，要点是给分的一个重要因素。为了防止写作过程中遗漏要点，同学们要充分发挥自己的观察力，把情景中给出的各个要点逐条列出。根据短文的中心思想考虑如何开头、展开和结尾，设想几个承上启下的连词，将主要句型、关键词语草草记下，形成提纲，写时切忌结构分散，废话连篇，严重跑题。书面表达，内容广泛，题材多样，要弄清考题的要求是写人、叙事、介绍、评论、图表、书信、、通知、便条还是看图作文或改写缩写。如果是，要写清年、月、日和天气情况;如果是书信，则要注意书信的格式，注意短文字数不要低于或超过规定的字数太多。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第九篇**

多数父母希望孩子将时间花在学习上，以便有个美好的未。因此父母只关注孩子的成绩，不让孩子做与学习无关的事情，例如，不让孩子做家务等。请你就“孩子应该如何成长”这一话题，简单描述父母的想法和自己的观点。

提示1、父母的想法；2、你自己的观点； 3、词数80左右（首句已给出，不计算在总词数内）。

Parents wish their children to have a bright future so they pay much attention to their study After school they dont allow their children to do anything except study.

I know parents love us and what they do is for us Although its our duty to study its not only thing for us to do There are many things for us to learn and we want to know more about the outside the world We should not only take exercise to keep us healthy but also read more literature books So I hope our parents can give us more time to develop our hobbies.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十篇**

On the way of life, my friend grows up with me, giving me warm heart and satisfying dreams. I thought of the friend who had come with me, a feeling of warmth and warmth.

In the season of flying red dragonflies, I live in the countryside. The bell is my best friend, a short, gentle girl. It was there, I and she walked hand in hand into the field, she picked flowers ed on my clothes, as for me, I do only lei, let her for the little princess in the fairy tale. Summer night, if you have two little girls, every time sitting in the courtyard low stools, chin propped up, listening to grandma telling me the story of the sky, listen to the little worm “hissing” sound, the number of the stars, in the breeze gently brushed, sleepily into dreamland, it must be the bell son and I. Early autumn, I and wild in the bell son together to catch the grasshopper, green worm with a wrap, the grass is buried in a red-hot stove ash, check it later, red. Ha! Ha! Delicious!

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十一篇**

As a middle school student, I learn many subjects, I study very hard every day. When I go home, I will do my homework and then review the books. But when the holiday comes, I feel a little confused, because I don’t want to study and want to do something new. I don’t know what to do. My mind went blank.

I decided to cultivate my interest. One day, I happened to see a tennis match, I couldn’t stop watching, then I fell in love with tennis. So I began to learn to play tennis, I felt very happy. Develop interests and hobbies

Now tennis is my favorite sport, I find a way to relax myself.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十二篇**

I am not fond of basketball,let alone to play I have seen a wonderful basketball game between my class and postgraduate is so wonderful that I cann\'t help asking myself xxxIs it realxxx.The answer is pretty also learn a lot from the game.

First ,teamwork is very are sure to fail if you play by five members must play together and well ,you should have a order to reach it,you should try your best.

Last,never give up whatever have if you get low scores,you shouldn\'t give there is a will,there is a there is a will ,there is also a you can make failure into yourself and believe your are the best one.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十三篇**

话题作文“文体不限”，指的是不限制用哪一种文体，便于考生选择自己最擅长的文体来写作，但这样并不等于文体的泛化。文体的选择可以随意，但选定后，保持文体自身的规范与和谐却是必要的。有的考生把“文体不限”误以为可以写成不管什么样的文体，结果出现一些记叙文议论化、议论文记叙化、散文杂感化之类的文章，搞成一种文体的大拼盘大杂烩，信笔胡言，非驴非马，客观上影响了内容的表达，这是不可取的;为了标新立异，有的考生甚至还写出一些令人震惊的“另类”作文，这更应该及时纠正，以免延误大事。诚然，现在有些报刊上确实有些文章不伦不类，文体特征不鲜明，令人难以卒读。我们考生毕竟还处在学习写作阶段，文体的特征一定要鲜明，这既便于自己写作，也便于阅卷者阅卷。正确的方法是根据自己的擅长扬长避短，选择文体，确定自己是写什么文体后，就要在自己的文章中鲜明地表现出这一文体的语言特征。比如：形象思维比较发达，善于记叙描写的学生，可以选择记叙文;逻辑思维比较发达，善于议论说理的学生，可以选择议论文;感情丰富，视野开阔的学生，可以选择散文等等。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十四篇**

中考英语中，很多学生自感基础很差，主动放弃了作文的15分。实际从评分标准看，即便学生表达能力很差，但只要所写文章中包括题目要点中的部分信息，依然能得1―3分的最低档分数；如能完整表达题目给出的要点和要求，同时文章通顺，无严重语法和拼写错误，一般能得到4―11分的中档分。

写作可分三步走。首先，仔细阅读要求中的\'几个陈述性中文要点，判断陈述的事情是什么时态。然后根据相应时态，将这些句子在草稿纸上译成英文。第二步，将句子用合适的关联词连接成段落，并将前后表述整理通顺。第三步，根据这些要点，再按题目要求发表相应评论。最后将两部分连接成完整文章，抄写在试卷上。

组织语言和句子时，一般应尽量使用简单句式。不会的单词，可想办法换个方式表达。字数一般要求控制在60―80字左右，应尽量保证不少于60字，同时不能多于100个字，否则将被扣2分。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十五篇**

1.内容完整，语句流畅，无语法错误，书写规范，给9-10分;

2.内容较完整，语句较流畅，基本无语法错误，书写较规范，给6-8分;

3.内容不完整，语句欠流畅，语法错误较多，书写较规范，给3-5分;

4.只写出个别要点，语法错误较多，书写欠规范，只有个别句子可读或不知所云，给0-2分。

对考生的作文要求有四点：1、内容要完整。2、语句流畅。3、没有语法错误。4、书写规范。能达到上述要求的作文，都会得到相应的高分。所以，在写作文的时候，大家要牢记这些要求。

要做到内容完整，我们首先要认清看好题目的要求，抓住要点，注意文体。我们可以在写作之前好好构思一下，自己将从几个方面来写。是否能将所有内容都包含在内。在写完之后，再检查一遍。看看有没有内容的缺失。

要做到语句的流畅，这就要求有扎实的英语基本功。在\*时的积累上，注意一些语义的.表达方法。要尽量使用自己能够正确运用的语句和表达方式。注意句子之间的连贯性。这不仅仅指从语法上，也指句意上的连贯。

在初中阶段，考生应注意语法点有：动词单三形式，时态(包括：现在进行时，一般过去时，将来时)，定语从句(此项语法建议考生尽量不要使用)，语态，单复数，主谓一致，冠词等还有一些表达方式。比如，我非常喜欢足球。考生经常会写成Iverylikefootball.这样的错误一定要避免。

书写一定要规范。要了解英语作文的书写规则。同时，要知道应用文的写作方法。

除了以上的四个方面，还建议考生们要检查：单词的拼写、大小写和标点符号。

考试的时候，要尽量留出充足的时间给作文。这样，我们才能有足够的时间去构思，去打草稿。在评卷的时候，第一印象很重要，所以考生们一定要让自己的作文看起来舒服，干净，整齐。

中考英语中，很多学生自感基础很差，主动放弃了作文的15分。即便学生表达能力很差，但只要所写文章中包括题目要点中的部分信息，依然能得1-3分的最低档分数;如能完整表达题目给出的要点和要求，同时文章通顺，无严重语法和拼写错误，一般能得到4-11分的中档分。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十六篇**

Nowadays more and more middle school students like pop songs.

A few of them like quiet music because they think quiet music makes them feel comfortable. Many of the students like musicians who can write their own lyrics. Why? They think it’s cool to express their own feelings. Most of the students like music that they can dance to. They think the music is full of energy. When they are tired or bored, they can dance to the music.

13、假如你是郭佳，你的美国笔友Linda给你写了一封信，说她想给自己的汉语老师送一份礼物来表达自己的感激之情，但是她不知道中国的送礼习俗，所以请你给她一些建议。请根据下面的提示，用英语写一封回信给她。

提示：1.要根据个人喜好选择礼物；

2.礼物的包装不要使用白色或者黑色包装纸（wrapping paper）；

3.不要送钟、鞋或者梨。

要求：1.语意通顺，条理清楚；

词左右。（信的格式和开头已给出，不计入总词数）

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十七篇**

The environmental matter is a hot topic nowadays. Not only does it affect our health, it also has a great impact on our future.

Due to lacking of environmental concepts, people\'\'\'\'s health has been greatly affected by air, noise and water pollution. In order to live a better life, we need a cleaner world. We should now be concerned for environment by creating a better future for our next generation.

In conclusion, the environmental matter is an important issue that directly affects very human in the world!

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十八篇**

some time on 在……花时间

sth、to sb、把某物递给某人、hand in sth、to sb、上交某人某物

on (with…)= get along (with…) ①生活②与(某人)相处③(活动)有进展

sb、sth、把某物递给某人

bed 躺在床上

the fireplace 在火炉旁

angry with sb、生某人的气 be angry at/about sth、生某事的气

to 必须，不得不

soon as 一......就......

time 按时;准时

longer=not…any longer 不再

member xxx员

of=a lot of 许多;很多;大量

like看起来像

a talk 谈话

time 正好;及时

of them 他们中两个人

off 关掉(自来水，电灯，收音机等)

born 出生

the end of the match 比赛快要结束

after 照料;照顾

front of 在......前面

sth、for sb、为某人买东西

with 玩耍

a letter from my friend 收到我的朋友一封信

all over 全场结束

a rest 休息

her parents 她的父母双方

…or… 要么……要么......

(a) cold; have a cold 感冒

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第十九篇**

其次，词汇量短缺会最直接的影响对英语篇章的理解与把握，落实到考试题型中，对应的就是对完形填空与阅读理解中较难的说明文与议论文篇章的理解。词汇不足使得学生面对这两种题型时处处碰壁，举步维艰，就会产生恐惧感，最后的结果就会是猜题，个性为之。根据句法规则构建的英文句子，最关键的构成要素就是词汇，加之英语的一词多义现象，处于不同语境的词汇具有不同甚至相反的含义。若词汇量不够，阅读时生词增多，那么不但影响阅读的速度，也影响理解的程度与深度。

再次，词汇不足使得学生在面对写作时产生不满意或者是厌恶的感觉。在初高中阶段的书面表达中多数学生完成的文章汉语影子浓重，就是所谓的ChiEnglish――中国式英语，完全是汉字的英语版本，生硬的翻译与非地道词汇与短语的罗列，那么结果可想而知。为什么?因为很多学生在面对写作要求时，思考的时候思如泉涌，但落实到笔头上的时候头脑当中能用的词汇空空如也，无法写出优美地道英文，只能硬性翻译中文句子。归根到底又是词汇量的问题。

最后，词汇量不足会极大地动摇学生学习英语的信心，进而降低学生学习英语的动力和乐趣，最后产生恐惧的心理阴影，谈英文而色变。词汇是英文的基本构成要素之一，可以说是英文的原始细胞，它与语法、句法一道构成英文的骨架，而词汇在三者之中最为重要也最为难于攻克，因为任何一种语言都有其独有的逻辑内涵以及更为深层的文化内涵，加之母语对外语学习的干扰，使得学生会产生各种疑惑，比如同义词、近义词、反义词;以及一词多义、引申义、比喻义等各种复杂现象。如果学生陷入词汇记忆的误区，那么最终的结果是厌恶英语甚至憎恨英语。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十篇**

20xx年中考的脚步逐渐迈进，有的同学开始焦虑：20xx年春节的脚步临近，紧接着就是模考，那么如何才可以在短时间内提高自己的写作水\*呢？的中考英语名师说，中考英语写作是很容易提高的。写作文时需要注意的四个方面，希望对大家有所启发。

第一、词汇量要充足

词汇量多少很大程度上决定作文是否能写得下去，很多时候想到一个很好的句子或文字，但一下子词汇不记得了，没法写。词汇量不足的学生，建议重视提高词汇量。这点关键是在于\*时的积累，长期的过程，短期效果只适合于记忆力超强的同学。要遵循记忆曲线的规律。

第二、审题要充分

写英语作文时，普遍存在这样一个情况：看完作文题，就开始写，想到哪写到哪，只要把字数凑够了就停笔了。这样写出来的文章，看起来就像在记流水帐，没有任何逻辑，杂乱无章，毫无条理，同时容易出现用错时态、用错格式等的情况。试想，如果你是试卷的命题人，你出作文题的时候，肯定有出这道题的独特的道理。所以仔细审题和构思就成了写作的第一步。审题的重点放在写作体裁、格式、字数方面，确保第一遍审题就能保证得到基本分。同时还要文体和时态，因为不同的文体要求的写作格式也是不同的，时态的要求也非常重要。

这个问题是我们在考试的时候可以有效避免的，如果还是犯这样的错误，那就是对我们自己的残忍了。希望同学们在这点上要多加注意。

第三、提纲要详细

审完题后一定要列提纲。很多学生认为，中考英语作文译成中文，最多是小学二年级的语文作文水\*，所以根本没有必要列提纲。其实，这种想法是非常错误的，因为提纲不仅能使文章的结构清晰，还有很重要的一点：防止漏掉作文内容。因为中考英语作文有一个很重要的要求：要点要全。如果你漏掉了需要写的内容，即使文章写得再优美，用词再准确，也拿不了高分。最后要注意打草稿，然后修改。这样可以保证错误降低至最少或者没有错误，同时也能保持卷面整洁。

第四、文化差异要注意

我们要时刻牢记一点，中英文表达方式有很大的差异，所以体现在作文表达上也常常会出现生硬的\*式作文表达，降低了我们的作文质量。所以注重中英语言差异，并努力找到两者之间的表达方式上的共通点，并且有意识的运用就能避免类似的问题。

这个问题，我们\*时要多揣摩西方的思维方式和语言习惯，这样就能很好的发挥语言特色了，不至于我们写的是\*式英语。

第五、细节错误要摒弃

很多孩子在写作文时常常感觉写得非常好，用上了几个高级句型或者不错的词汇短语，以为可以得高分，但最终结果出来后却与预想差距很大。主要的原因是很多细节没有注意。比如第三人称单数，名词的单复数，大小写，甚至标点、书写、段落安排等，这些细节问题也很重要。

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十一篇**

The Internet is being more and more important in our daily life. On the net, we can learn news both at home and abroad and all kinds of other information as well. We can also send messages by e-mail, make phone calls, go to net school, read different kinds of books and learn foreign languages by ourselves. Besides, we can enjoy music, watch sports matches and play chess or cards. On the net, we can even do shopping, have a chat with others and make friends with them. In a word, the Internet has made our life more colourful.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十二篇**

初中英语作文

My View on Television

Television has come into our lives for many years. We can nearly say that we can’t live happily without television. It can give us the latest information and news. It can open up our eyes and enlarge our knowledge. We can be entertained by the programs on television. Otherwise,we’ll be boring all day if there is no television. Television programs are attractive. After a whole day’s hard work, we can sit before the television enjoying ourselves. How wonderful it is!

电视已经进入到我们的生活很多年了。我们几乎可以说没有电视我们的生活就不会快乐。电视能够给我们最新的信息和新闻。它可以拓展我们的视野和扩大我们的`知识面。电视节目可以娱乐我们。否则，如果没有电视的话我们一整天都会很无聊。电视节目很有吸引力。一整天的辛苦工作后，我们可以坐在电视机前享受。这是多美好的事情啊！

However, television also does harm to people’s health. It’s bad for us to watch TV too long, especially bad for our eyes. Besides, watching TV may take the time to study or play on outside world. In short, television is good and we should make use of it appropriately.

然而，电视也会对人们的健康有害。长时间看电视对我们是不好的，特别是有损眼睛。此外，看电视可能会占据大部分学习或者出去玩的时间。总之，电视是好的，我们应该适当利用它。

电视在现今生活是每家的必备品，面对电视，同学们将如何表达呢？

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十三篇**

Dear Xiaowei,

Weight problem is quite common among teenagers everywhere. So I dont think you have much to worry about. Here are my suggestions. Eating late at night is OK, but you should to eat more fruit and vegetables, which are good for you. Also, when you are free, youd better do more exercise. Running is great. You dont like running alone, but what about running with your friends? Or you can do some team sports like basketball. Im sure your friends will be willing to help you lose weight. I hope you have as much success in losing weight as you have had in your studies. Believe myself, and I will win. Its really important for us when we meet difficulties. Dont lose heart; Im sure you will succeed one day.

Good luck.

Editor

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十四篇**

学校准备组织一次到敬老院为老人们献爱心，尽义务的活动。请以“Come and join us!”为标题写一个广告，号召大家积极参加本次活动。广告需体现出号召者以下意图：1.想建立一个志愿者服务中心，帮助孤寡老人。2.可以给老人捐衣物和钱；到敬老院为老人们清扫房间。3.修理烂桌子；表演节目来让老人们高兴起来。4.如果缺钱，可以想出一些办法来，例如，可以到街上分发广告。5.请别推迟了。今天就来加入我们吧！给我们打电话，我们的电话是4448375。

（志愿者中心Volunteer Center 敬老院Old Peoples Home）

Come and join us!

We are going to the Old Peoples Home to care for the old people. We plan to set up a service center for volunteers to help the lonely old people. You can give away some clothes and money to the old people. If you have free time ,you can come to the Old Peoples Home to clean up their rooms. If you can fix up the broken desks ,you can join us .If you can sing or dance ,you can join us too. We can plan a party to cheer the old people up .If you run out of money ,you can come up with some ideas .For example ,we can hand out some ads.

So dont put off ,join us today! Please call us at 4448375.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十五篇**

I had just planned what am l going to in my hoilday a few days ago. First, l am going to play with my friends and do homework together, so l won\'t need to do it all by myself. Then , we will go shopping, eat together, play some games, and so on. But l will do some study, so that l will get more mark for the exam. Of course, I will spend some days to stay with my parents and go out and have lunch with them, because they are my only parents.

I have l feeling that is will be a very ineresting hoilday that l have.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十六篇**

在英语考中作文构思往往不超过五分钟，就必须下笔，仅在短短二十分钟就要写出一篇优秀的英语作文，对许多同学来说是挺难的，英语作文是大部分同学们英语考试中最担心的问题。

今天为同学们整理了初中英语各类型作文万能模板，大家在考试时可以选择性套用，可以节省不少构思时间~

万能模板：阐述主题题型

要求从一句话或一个主题出发，按照提纲的要求进行论述.

1. 阐述名言或主题所蕴涵的意义。

2. 分析并举例使其更充实。

万能模板：解决方法题型

要求考生列举出解决问题的多种途径

1. 问题现状, 2. 怎样解决(解决方案的优缺点)

In recent days, we have to face I problem-----A, which is becoming more and more serious. First, ------------(说明A的现状).Second, ---------------(举例进一步说明现状)

Confronted with A, we should take a series of effective measures to cope with the situation. For one thing, ---------------(解决方法一). For another -------------(解决方法二). Finally, --------------(解决方法三).

Personally, I believe that -------------(我的解决方法). Consequently, I’m confident that a bright future is awaiting us because --------------(带来的好处).

万能模板：说明利弊题型

这种题型往往要求先说明一下现状，再对比事物本身的利弊，有时也会单从一个角度(利或弊)出发，最后往往要求考生表明自己的态度(或对事物前景提出预测)

1. 说明事物现状，

2. 事物本身的优缺点(或一方面)

3. 你对现状(或前景)的看法

Nowadays many people prefer A because it has a significant role in our daily life. Generally, its advantages can be seen as follows. First ----------------(A的优点之一). Besides -------------------(A的优点之二).

But every coin has two sides. The negative aspects are also apparent. One of the important disadvantages is that ----------------(A的第一个缺点).To make matters worse,------------------(A的第二个缺点).

Through the above analysis, I believe that the positive aspects overweigh the negative ones. Therefore, I would like to ---------------(我的看法).

(From the comparison between these positive and negative effects of A, we should take it reasonably and do it according to the circumstances we are in. Only by this way, ---------------(对前景的预测).)

万能模板：议论文的框架

(1) 不同观点列举型( 选择型 )

There is a widespread concern over the issue that \_\_作文题目\_\_\_\_\_. But it is well known that the opinion concerning this hot topic

varies from person to person. A majority of people think that \_ 观点一\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In their views there are 2 factors contributing to this attitude

as follows: in the first place, \_\_\_原因一, in the second place, \_\_\_原因二\_\_\_\_\_. So it goes without saying that \_\_\_观点一\_\_\_\_\_.

People, however, differ in their opinions on this matter.

Some people hold the idea that \_\_\_观点二\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In their point of view, on the one hand， \_\_\_原因一\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. On the other hand, \_\_\_\_原因二\_\_\_\_\_. Therefore, there is no doubt that \_\_\_观点二\_\_\_\_\_\_.

As far as I am concerned, I firmly support the view that \_\_观点一

或二\_\_\_\_\_\_. It is not only because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but also because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The more

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

(2)利弊型的议论文

Nowadays, there is a widespread concern over (the issue that)\_\_\_作文题目\_\_\_\_\_\_. In fact, there are both advantages and disadvantages in \_\_题目议题\_\_\_\_\_. Generally speaking, it is widely believed there are several positive

aspects as follows. Firstly, \_\_\_优点一\_\_\_\_\_\_. And secondly \_\_\_优点二\_\_\_\_\_.

Just As a popular saying goes, “every coin has two sides”, \_\_讨论议题\_\_\_\_\_\_ is no exception, and in another word, it still has negative aspects. To

begin with, \_\_\_缺点一\_\_\_\_\_\_. In addition, \_\_\_\_缺点二\_\_\_\_\_\_.

To sum up, we should try to bring the advantages of \_\_讨论议题\_\_\_\_ into full play, and reduce the disadvantages to the minimum at the same

time. In that case, we will definitely make a better use of the \_\_\_\_讨论议题\_\_\_.

( 3 ) 答题性议论文

Currently, there is a widespread concern over (the issue that)\_\_作文题目\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .It is really an important concern to every one of us. As a result, we must spare no efforts to take some measures to solve this problem.

As we know that there are many steps which can be taken to undo this problem. First of all, \_\_途径一\_\_\_\_\_\_. In addition, another way contributing to success of the solving problem is \_\_\_途径二\_\_\_\_\_.

Above all, to solve the problem of \_\_\_作文题目\_\_\_\_\_\_, we should find a number of various ways. But as far as I am concerned, I would prefer to solve the problem in this way, that is to say,

\_\_\_\_方法\_\_\_\_\_.

( 4 ) 谚语警句性议论文

It is well know to us that the proverb: “ \_\_\_谚语\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” has a profound significance and value not only in our job but also in our study. It means \_\_\_\_谚语的含义\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The saying can be illustrated through a series of examples as follows. ( also theoretically )

A case in point is \_\_\_例子一\_\_\_\_\_\_. Therefore, it is goes without saying that it is of great of importance to practice the proverb \_\_\_\_谚语\_\_\_\_\_.

With the rapid development of science and technology in China, an increasing number of people come to realize that it is also of practical use to stick to the saying: \_\_\_\_谚语\_\_\_\_\_. The more we are aware of the significance of this famous saying, the more benefits we will get in our daily study and job..

万能模板：图表作文的框架

As is shown/indicated/illustrated by the figure/percentage in the table(graph/picture/pie/chart), \_\_\_作文题目的议题\_\_\_\_\_ has been on rise/ decrease (goes up/increases/drops/decreases),significantly/dramatically/steadily rising/decreasing from\_\_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_. From the sharp/marked decline/ rise in the chart, it goes without saying that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

There are at least two good reasons accounting for \_\_\_\_\_\_. On the one hand, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. On the other hand, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is due to the fact that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In addition, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is responsible for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Maybe there are some other reasons to show \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. But it is generally believed that the above mentioned reasons are commonly convincing.

As far as I am concerned, I hold the point of view that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I am sure my opinion is both sound and well-grounded.

万能模板：现象说明文

Recently \_\_\_\_\_\_\_,what amazes us most is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it is true that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

There are many reasons explaining\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The main reason is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

what is a result\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Considering all there,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. For one thing\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, for another\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Conclusion\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

万能模板：一种事物或现象(负面)

关于A的话题,早已引起了广泛的社会关注。如今在电视、报纸、日常生活的很多角落，都有越来越多的关于A的议论。

给A一个精确恒定的定义并非易事，因为它的概念涉及了科学、人性、思想、经济、社会、自然等广阔的领域。一般而言，我们可以这样描述A…

A能成为公众关注的焦点，主要是由于它对个人、集体乃至整个世界都有着不容忽视的不良影响。

认真分析后我们可以看到，A对社会/世界 /健康的不利有很多。首先，从最直观的角度来看，A的出现直接损害了(这里加入一句针对性的话，如人类的身体健康和环境的平衡) 。(举例)。其次，从更深一层次上讲，它为人类的精神文明蒙上了一层阴影。更可怕的是，由于A所产生微小利益，却促成了许多可悲的人们为其忘乎所以，破坏 了人类生存的法则和空间。

事实上，A的出现是社会发展和人类进步的产物，A所带来的危害是人类进化过程中付出的代价。同时，A的产生来源于部 分人们的自私和趋利性，他们看到的是肤浅和片面的利益，而从未从整个全局和人类整体的利益出发去认识和分析它。这使得A始终挥之不去。对此，我奉劝他们， 跳出狭小的角落，用长远和全局的眼光去重新审视A。

而如今，我们已深受其害，要想消除它的危害，我们必须从根源上杜绝它的产生，我们每一个人都应给予A高度的重视，用系统的和科学的方法去解决，唯有这样，避免它带来更多损失，我们人类前进的脚步才会更加平稳，更加欢快的迈向辉煌的明天。

万能模板：说明原因型

Currently, XX has been the order of the day .This does demonstrate ，the theory --- nothing is more valuable than XX .It is clear that ( 1 ). If you ( 2 ), as a result ,your dreams will come true . On the contrary, if you ( 3 ).Failure will be following with you .It turns out that all your plan falls through . No one can deny another fact that ( 4 ) .You don\'t have to look very far to find out the truth , in respect that we all know ( 5 ) .It will exert a profound influence upon ( 6 ).With reference to my standpoint ,I think ( 7 ).

1) 要求论述两个对立的观点并给出自己的看法。

1.有一些人认为…… 2.另一些人认为……3.我的看法……

The topic of ①-----------------(主题)is becoming more and more popular recently. There are two sides of opinions of it. Some people say A is heir favorite. They hold their view for the reason of②-----------------(支持A的理由一)What is more, ③-------------理由二). Moreover,④---------------(理由三).

While others think that B is a better choice in the following three reasons. Firstly,-----------------(支持B的理由一). Secondly (besides),⑥------------------(理由二). Thirdly (finally),⑦------------------(理由三).

From my point of view, I think ⑧----------------(我的观点). The reason is that⑨--------------------(原因). As a matter of fact, there are some other reasons to explain my choice. For me, the former is surely a wise choice .

2) 给出一个观点，要求考生反对这一观点

Some people believe that ①----------------(观点一). For example, they think②-----------------(举例说明).And it will bring them③-----------------(为他们带来的好处). In my opinion, I never think this reason can be the point. For one thing,④-------------(我不同意该看法的理由一). For another thing,⑤-----------------(反对的理由之二). Form all what I have said, I agree to the thought that⑥------------------(我对文章所讨论主题的看法).

万能模板：应用文

(1)英语书信的常见写作模板

开头部分：

How nice to hear from you again.

Let me tell you something about the activity.

I’m glad to have received your letter of Apr. 9th.

I’m pleased to hear that you’re coming to China for a visit.

I’m writing to thank you for your help during my stay in America.

结尾部分：

With best wishes.

I’m looking forward to your reply.

I’d appreciate it if you could reply earlier.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十七篇**

Dear John，

It’s Mother’s Day today。 It’s a special day， isn’t it?

I think we should do something to show our love to our mothers on this special day。 My mother and I are good friends。 Whenever I meet with difficulties， she is always there， ready to help me。

Today I will make a beautiful card for her， with my thanks and best wishes on it。 Then I will help her wash the car this afternoon and cook her favourite food in the evening。 Besides， I’ll take a walk with her after dinner and then play chess with her， for she likes it very much。 I’m sure she’ll be very happy。

What’s your plan for Mother’s Day? I’m looking forward to hearing from you。

Yours，

Li Hua

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十八篇**

新华学校实施了改善学生健康的“蛋奶工程”。Wet Hua是该学校的一名学生。这天，Wei Hua 又得到了刚发下的鸡蛋和牛奶。他打开那盒牛奶喝了一点点，就不想喝了。连续吃了一段时间的牛奶和鸡蛋，Wei Hua感到吃腻了，就偷偷地把鸡蛋和大半盒的牛奶扔进了垃圾桶里。远处的王老师看到了他的举动，并对他进行了教育。他对此感到抱歉，决定今后要节约粮食，不再浪费粮食。

参词汇rubbish bin垃圾桶， be tired of 对感到厌（腻）了，throw扔， save节约

To improve students health Xin Hua Middle School has carried on the Milk and Eggs Project for students Wei Hua is a student at the school Today Wei Hua got the milk and egg again as usual He opened the box of milk and drank a little He felt tired of the egg and the milk He didnt want to have them any more Then he threw the milk and egg into the rubbish bin At that moment Miss Wang saw this from far away She came over and told him not to do this again Wei Hua felt sorry to do so He promised not to waste food any more

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第二十九篇**

近几年，旅游已经成为一项全民活动。初中生们旅游的机会也有很多，因此，旅游也是初中生们津津乐道的话题。

【预测题目】

你的美国朋友Tom非常喜欢中国文化，去年暑假你和他一起从桂林出发去北京旅游了几天，你们参观了一些景点，还品尝了一些有名的小吃，请结合下表，把你们的旅游经历写成一篇不少于80词的短文。

【参考范文】

A Trip to Beijing

My American friend Tom and I went to Beijing by plane last summer.

On the first day，we visited the Palace Museum and Tian\'anmen Square. The next day，we climbed the Great Wall. We took lots of photos. Although we felt tired，it was a fantastic experience. The third day we relaxed. Then we had the Beijing roast duck for lunch. I think it is the most delicious food in the world. Tom is interested in Chinese culture，so we drank tea and saw Beijing Opera in Lao She Teahouse in the evening. Finally，we did some shopping and flew back to Guilin.

The trip to Beijing was short，but it was wonderful. Tom said that he would never forget it.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第三十篇**

Eating with parents makes you healthier

I believe eating with parents will make teenagers healthier.

First, as we know, a happy mood keeps people healthy. Talking more with parents is a better way of helping solve problems in our daily life. The dinner time is just a chance for communication.

Also, home-made meals are healthier for us to eat, for the food problem seems more and more serious now.

As for me, I have dinner with my parents every day. My family all think the time for dinner is the most important moment for each of us.

——中考英语作文:Reading A good Habit3篇

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第三十一篇**

As we know， most people have heroes in their hearts. For me, Dr Norman Bethune is the hero in my heart. He was a great doctor from Canada.

Dr Bethune was good at performing operations. And taking photos was his hobby. In 1938， he came to China. He opened hospitals and invented medical tools. He worked so hard that he saved thousands of Chinese people. He didn\'t stop to take care of his own injured hand and died.

I am dee\* moved by his stories. So I\'ll work hard today and do my best to help others.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第三十二篇**

中考英语作文的评分标准：

1.内容完整，语句流畅，无语法错误，书写规范，给9-10分；

2.内容较完整，语句较流畅，基本无语法错误，书写较规范，给6-8分；

3.内容不完整，语句欠流畅，语法错误较多，书写较规范，给3-5分；

4.只写出个别要点，语法错误较多，书写欠规范，只有个别句子可读或不知所云，给0-2分。

从个评分标准来看，它对考生的作文要求有四点：

1、内容要完整。

2、语句流畅。

3、没有语法错误。

4、书写规范。能达到上述要求的作文，都会得到相应的高分。所以，在写作文的时候，大家要牢记这些要求。

——my family中考英语作文

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第三十三篇**

The Hero in My Heart

As we know, most people have heroes in their hearts. For me， Liu Xiang is the hero in my heart. He is a famous Chinese sportsman.

Liu Xiang is good at running. In 20\_， he won his first Olympic gold medal in the men，s 110m hurdles event in Athens. Then, he set a world record in the same event in training and taking part in competitions, Liu Xiang also likes singing and he sings well.

With his hard work, he is winning competitions one after another. This encourages me to study harder from now on.

**英语中考小作文偏题范文 第三十四篇**

Dear Jhon :

The Spring Festival is the most important festival in China. It is on January 1st according to the Chinese lunar calendar(\*的农历). It’s China’s New Year’s Day. So usually a month before the festival people begin to buy

About a week before the festival housewives are busy preparing the new year dinner. And they will do a lot of washing and cleaning in the houses. People who are far away on business are hurrying to return home for the new year’s family reunion（团聚）.

On New Year Eve each family will gather tighter eating talking and watching TV for almost the whole night. And there will be some interesting programmes on TV. The children are the happiest of all because they can get presents from parents or grandparents.

On Lunar New Year’s Day after getting up people will eat dumplings. When they meet their neighbours or friends they’ll say: “Happy New Year!”

I am ready to spend with together my family on the Spring Festival I’am going to see my grandparents and friengs . I ’m going to Diseyl

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