# 写云南家乡特产范文英语优选16篇

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*写云南家乡特产范文英语 第一篇During the summer vacation, my mom and Dad took me, and Wesley, and went to Yunnan for a happy week.Yunna...*

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第一篇**

During the summer vacation, my mom and Dad took me, and Wesley, and went to Yunnan for a happy week.

Yunnan is the southwest frontier place, beautiful scenery spectacular, make me greatly. Yunnan is home to 25 ethnic minorities, the Naxi Dongba culture, culture of Dali Bai, Dai Pui page culture, Yi culture, have fascinated me.

Arrives at the first station in Yunnan, we came to the spring city Kunming. Kunming is located in the middle of Yunnan Province, surrounded by mountains on all sides. \_The weather is often like February and March, the flowers bloom four - hour spring\_, which is a beautiful city. We go to the famous stone forest and Jiuxiang scenic area.

The famous stone forest was formed in 2. 700 million years ago, Karst was the main landscape and was called \_the essence of the world Karst\_. We enter the scenic area, found some stone like Ashima, like some of the stone elephant, and stone like a little mouse, fully aware of the nature of the extraordinary as if done by the spirits raises as the acme of perfection.

Jiuxiang scenic areas left a deep impression on me, it was a cave group as the main attractions, with hundreds of the size of the cave, as the largest, the largest number, the most peculiar cave cave landscape community system, by experts as the \_karst museum\_. The folk saying: \_Jiuxiang Cave ninety-nine, the whole white head\_, thus remarkable. Caves are a variety of stalactites, some like a fairy, some like the tree, as well as the Dazhu bamboo, very wonderful.

We also tasted the bridge rice line in Kunming and watched the singing and dancing performances of the minority nationalities and had a memorable time.

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第二篇**

Torch Festival - Yunnan national tourism festival, is the Torch Festival in Yunnan to the Yi, Bai mainly of the oldest traditional festival, the Torch Festival of Yunnan in the annual Lunar New Year is usually June 24 or 25. Torch Festival on the origins of Yunnan Province, Yunnan has a variety of folk legends, the Yi people in Yunnan is the main ancient legend, a demon Weihuo the world, the name of a packet-tsung of the Warriors fight the devil, wrestling them to be the outcome, the three-day battle Three nights sentiment must compare.

So the people Tanzhe sanxian, blowing Duandi, clapping Duojiao cheering for the Warriors, the Warriors finally defeat the demon. The devil angry, release all kinds of pests to spoil people kind of hard to crops. People also gathered with lit torches to burn a pest, the last of the pests all burned to death, that day happened to be June 24.

To commemorate this victory, each of these days, Yunnan\'s people to kill a chicken Zaiyang, the Torch Festival held various activities. Reflects the Torch Festival of Yi people in Yunnan defying brutal force for the struggle against the spirit of a happy life.

My hometown is a remote south yunnan province town - GongHeXian, it is famous hometown. My hometown is the beauty of mountains, where water show live yi, haney, yao, dai minority. My hometown is well-known for tropical fruit has a banana, litchi, mango, watermelon...

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第三篇**

At the foot of Yulong(Jade Dragon)Snow Mountain in northwesternYunnan Province is the ancient town of Lijiang. In the remote already inhabited with tribal people. In i 253 , Kublai Khan,the Mongol chief,stationed his troops here on his southward march to conquer the State of Dali. For the next 500 years,to the early days of the Qing Dynasty、the place was ruled by a herditary succession of chieftains from the Mu clan of the Naxi people、under the jurisdiction of the imperial court.

Lijiang is a mystical and beautiful town on the center of Lijiang valley,2 410 meters above sea level,with about 25 000 residents on an area of 3 .8 square kilometers. It is the gateway to northwest Yunnan No. 214 National Road runs through the city to Tibet in the north or to Dali City in the south , capital of the autonomous prefecture.

The inhabitants of Lijiang are mainly of Naxi minority .and the city is the only autonomous city of the nationality. It has long been known world wide for its grandiose snow clad mountain,the steep gorge,the elegant Mt. Laojun,the clean Lugu Lake,and the colorful and various customs of the minorities. The outside world is surprised by its ancient and simple sense of\'‘identity of Heaven and Man\_ and its protound and excenent cunure,amazed by the ancestors of the minorities who built a city without a wall on the beautiful land of Lijiang at this southwest frontier. In December of 1997,World Heritage Committee registered it on World Heritage List,and this“city forgotten gods\_ was since unveiled to the world with its oriental mystery and charm like pearl hidden among the mountains

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第四篇**

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**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第五篇**

South is the province with the largest number of ethnic, apart from the Han, is inhabited by 26 people and the minority population of the province accounted for nearly one-third of the total population. Different nationalities have their own characteristics, so in Yunnan, you can enjoy the national and culture and nowhere else

Flowers of the town: Yunnan is known as \_Kingdom of plants\_ said. Europe and the United States to cultivation of Rhododendron, Primula, camellia, orchid lily flowers, mostly from Yunnan, let alone the domestic cultivation of flowers. Yunnan eight flowers: camellias, azaleas, Magnolia, primrose, lily flower, gentian, Meconopsis, orchid. With Yunnan the four seasons such as spring weather, here is an ocean of flowers. Mountain bamboo forests, lush bamboo shoots.

Karst: Eastern Yunnan Guizhou Plateau, after two million years of erosion and weathering erosion, forming a unique magnificent primary karst landform, karst terrain, especially in the Lunan Stone Forest, Jiuxiang scenic area.

Tropical rain forest: Xishuangbanna is located in the northern regression line to the south edge of the tropical north, the tropical monsoon climate, year-round warm, sunny, rainy and humid is Tropic of cancer of the earth desert line with only a piece of green state, is China\'s tropical rain forest ecosystem preservation is the most complete, the most typical, area of the largest area, is now the earth on rare animal and plant gene pool, was hailed as one of the earth\'s natural wonders.

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第六篇**

My hometown is Hongze Lake, which is one of the four largest freshwater lakes. Every summer, I will go boating with my best friend. Da, I think I must be happier than the children in the city, and I must be too familiar with my hometown.

So now when you suddenly ask what the native products of my hometown are, I really don\'t know, because I don\'t know what the native products are, When we set up a specialty of crabs in Hongze Lake, we can ask grandma and granddad about the specialty of crabs, because we can talk about it with our parents when we come to our hometown Gu Xufang often invites some stars to celebrate the crab Festival. Although it is not as famous as Yangcheng Lake hairy crabs, we are more or less, but there is a certain market. However, there is a specialty, that is, every Spring Festival, clover tea.

Grandma will make many good friends for our children to eat clover tea. Mother\'s good friend is Xishuangbanna. Once the Spring Festival comes back to us, take time Let\'s go to buy some special supermarkets with her.

As a result, the most we buy are Chashan pheasant and pheasant and duck. Our products include pheasant. Compared with the pheasant on the table, we often eat fish dishes.

Many foreigners are so delicious, especially our venison.

中文翻译：

我的家乡在洪泽湖，是四大淡水湖之一，每年夏天我都会去，和我最好的朋友去划船，达里蓬，我想我一定比城里的孩子开心一定对我的家乡太熟悉了，所以现在当你突然问我家乡的土产品是什么时，我真的不知道，因为我不太清楚家乡的土特产品是什么，后来，老师让我们具体谈谈什么特产，你可以收集资料，你也可以问父母和爷爷奶奶五个一姐的时候，妈妈和爷爷奶奶被问到他家乡特产的事情，因为我们靠谁，就当谁了俗话说，“高山赤山水草”这里我们有洪泽湖的特产螃蟹和小龙虾，因为这里的螃蟹，还专门设立了古徐坊，经常邀请一些明星来庆祝螃蟹节，虽然不像阳澄湖大闸蟹那么有名，但我们或多或少，但是也有一定的市场但是有一种特产，就是每年春节，三叶茶，奶奶会给我们的孩子做很多吃三叶茶的好朋友，妈好朋友是西双版纳，一旦春节回到我们身边，抽空让我们和她一起去买些特色超市，结果买的最多的是茶山野鸡和野鸡野鸭我们的产品包括野鸡，跟那些放在桌上的野鸡相比，经常吃鱼的菜很多外国人都那么好吃，尤其是我们的鹿肉。

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第七篇**

There are many specialties in my hometown. Let me introduce you one with yellow skin, pitted skin, uneven skin, peeling skin, showing its fruit. It is wearing a pink coat.

If you take off his coat gently, you will find its white skin and light and fresh fragrance. If you have a taste, sweet and delicious, oh I give you a riddle about jute children, red curtains, and living with a white haired man. Guess what I told you, this is a specialty of our hometown, peanuts.

It can squeeze and supplement the vitamins and minerals we lack. It also has medical functions It can nourish blood. It is not only general, it is delicious, but also can be eaten in several ways.

If you eat fried food and put some salt, it is crispy and delicious. For example, when it is cooked, it is only a word, \_tender\_ is particularly sweet. It can also be made into peanuts.

There are many specialties in our hometown, such as pear, walnut, cotton and sesame oil Over, they\'re waiting for you to explore.

中文翻译：

我家乡的一个特产有很多，让我给你介绍一个上面有皮肤，皮肤坑坑洼洼，参差不齐，皮肤剥落，露出它的果实，它穿着一件粉红色的外套，你轻轻地脱下他的外套，你会发现它白皙的皮肤，而且有淡淡的、清新的香味，如果你个人有一种味道，甜美可口，哦，这么好的朋友，你知道他是什么猜不出来的吗，我给你一个关于黄麻孩子的谜语，红色的窗帘，和一个白发苍苍的男人住在一起，你猜我告诉过你，这是我们家乡的特产，花生，它的作用可以大它可以挤压，补充我们身体缺乏的维生素和矿物质，它还有医疗功能，它可以补血，它不仅一般，它很好吃，而且它的吃法有好几种，如果吃油炸的，放点盐，它香脆可口，比如熟了，它不过是一个字，“嫩”都特别甜，它还可以做成花生，花生酥介绍给你我们家乡的特产还有很多，很多，比如：梨、核桃、棉花、芝麻油都说还没完，他们等着你去探索。

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第八篇**

Yunnan is located about the southwest part of China. This place has beautiful mountains, and rivers and full with many local minority races. Because Yunan is high elevated, comparatively level expanse of land and a plateau, it has a overall warm weather, which is perfectly fit for human. It is close to the sun, therefore the UV level is high, and local people has comparatively darker skin.

Kunming is the capital of Yunan, even though it is not as prosperously commercialized as Shanghai, or as long historical background as Beijing, but the unique natural scenery and culture is highly recognized and appreciated by domestic and international tourists. You can see girls wear long, loosen, and colorful skirts on the street. The special food culture around the street is also a special feature of Kunming, there is nothing that you cannot find, just things that you cannot imagine.

Around Lijiang River, you can go to the bars around the old town, and the culture is very open-minded, girls around there are very friendly and dance with you. This place is a tourism hot spot, so the material expense is very high, no matter how much money you have, you can spend them all in one night!

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第九篇**

Chinese tea has a history of over 5,000 years, during which a series of unique tea culture have come into being, covering from tea plant cultivation and conservation, tea-leaf picking to processing and sampling tea. Tea-leaves are mainly produced in the southern area to the Yangtze River for mild climate and fertile ground there, such as the provinces of Zhejiang, Yunnan, Guizhou and Fujian. There produce an abundance of renowned tea varieties, . Longjin, Wulong, Pu’er, Tieguangyin.

Tea culture is one of the common traits shared by all the 56 ethnic groups in China. Many Chinese people believe that a day is not perfect without a cup of tea. Either in the warm southern mountain area or on the frozen northern grassland, stuff like Gongfu tea, buttered tea and milk tea are all among the favorite drinks. Furthermore, both ancient and modern Chinese people tend to indulge in elaborating on poems, essays, dances and dramas on the tea.

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**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第十篇**

市面上常见的茶的英文名称

茶：tea、白茶：white tea、花茶：scented tea、红茶：black tea、绿茶：green tea、普洱茶：Pu \\\'er tea；Pu Erh tea；Puu Eel tea、黄茶：yellow tea、黑茶：dark tea 、新茶：sincha、雨前茶：Yü-chien tea、袋泡茶：teabag、大麦茶：Mugi-cha、花草茶：Herbal tea、茉莉花茶、Jasmine tea、菊花茶：Chrysanthemum tea、普洱（砖）：Block Puerh tea、陈年普洱：Aged Pu \\\'er Tea、乌龙茶：Oolong Tea、Oulung Tea、武夷茶：Bohea Tea、熙春茶：Hyson Tea、功夫茶：Congou Tea 、屯溪茶：Twankay Tea、祁门茶：Keemun Tea、龙井茶：Loungjing tea 铁观音：Tieh-Kuan-Yin 、TieGuanYin Tea、云雾茶：Cloud mist

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第十一篇**

Lijiang city is among rivers and mountains. northeast are Mt Elephant,Mt Golden Rainbow,and in the northwest is Mt Lion,and the city links them up .The mountains enclose the Lijiang valley in which stands the Lijiang city. The city was named Dayan,because it shapes like an ink stone,and“yan\_ has the same pronunciation of and can mean“ink stone”in Chinese. The valley surrounds the ancient city with the verdure of crops and vegetation in solemn silence;its villages scattered all about are ;its lakes are clear and deep peaceful,quiet,and at around the city are over a dozen tourist resorts of the region,the province,or the state,among which Jade Dragon Snow Mountain and Jinsha River are the most glorious.

Classical Naxi music is described as the“living musical fossil\_ because of its long history. More surprisingly,the Dongba script is the world\'s only living hieroglyphics still in use. More than 20 000 volumes of ancient books in Dongba writing,rare and valuable documents,are now collected by libraries in China as well as some European and American countries.

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第十二篇**

20\_年3月,怒江州经济作物产品开发服务中心“老姆登茶”成功取得全国工业产品生产许可证书（QS认证）,是怒江州首家取得QS认证证书的茶叶生产企业。

“老姆登茶”是1997年由州经作服务中心与老姆登村茶农挂钩，实行“公司+农户+基地”的管理模式开发的茶叶产品。该产品其味甘甜醇口，芳香浓郁，外形紧卷多毫，色泽嫩绿匀润，芽叶纯整，汤色黄绿清澈明亮，香气芳郁、回味香甜，解渴提神等功效，以色、香、味独具一格而饮誉州内外，是无污染的优质茶叶饮品，深受饮茶者喜爱。通过申报QS认证，完善了茶叶生、产管理过程中的各工艺流程和基础设施建设，建立健全了茶叶质量安全标准化体系及其检验体系标准化建设。

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第十三篇**

Welcome to my hometown. Haimen is my hometown. It\'s a modern and busy town.

It has a long history. There are many supermarkets, beautiful gardens and good factories. It\'s easy to go shopping.

You can see green hills, tall trees and beautiful flowers. There are many restaurants in Haimen. You can enjoy Haimen goat.

It\'s delicious. Many tourists come here There are many good places to visit. There is a park and a shopping center.

You can watch movies in the people\'s theater. My school is one of the best schools in my hometown. It\'s very nice and beautiful on the Yangtze road.

I hope you can come and see it.

中文翻译：

我的家乡欢迎来到我的家乡海门是我的家乡这是一个现代化和繁忙的城镇它有着悠久的历史这里有许多大超市，美丽的花园和好的工厂，很容易去购物你可以看到青山，高大的树木和美丽的花朵在海门有许多餐馆你可以享受海门山羊它的味道非常美味许多游客来这里享受这里有很多好地方可以参观那里有一个公园和一个大购物中心你可以在人民剧院看电影我的学校是我家乡最好的学校之一它在长江路上非常好太美了，希望你能来看看。

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第十四篇**

The summer vacation, my mother and I went to Yunnan with the reputation of Yunnan tourism.

In the journey to Xishuangbanna, saw a lot of exotic flowers and rare herbs. We have a singing, it will dance \_vigor\_. In the virgin forest also saw \_poisonous tree Antiaris\_.

The second station came to the legendary very beautiful Lijiang, but Lijiang has been raining, even the snow mountain not seen, let me very disappointed. If you are going to play in Lijiang, the best choice is to come in March and April, which is the most beautiful season in Lijiang.

Third we came to Tengchong, to see the original volcano, also saw all the Chinese thermal \_hot sea roll pot, hot spring water can put the egg to cook.

Fourth we went to the station in Ruili, Ruili is close to Burma, is rich in jade, mother bought a beautiful high ice jade pendant to me.

At the last stop we went to the stone forest in Kunming and saw various kinds of stone forests. In fact, before the stone forest is a sea, because of the movement of the earth\'s crust, after hundreds of millions of years of change, it has formed this beautiful stone forest spectacle.

In Yunnan, we also saw a great number of ethnic minorities, who knew their customs and habits, and watched their beautiful dances and beautiful songs.

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第十五篇**

眉茶，英文名：Mee，属绿茶类珍品之一。外形条索紧结、匀整、灰绿起霜、油润、香高味浓。因其条索纤细如士女之秀眉而得名。

眉茶起源于安徽、浙江、江西三省相联交界处的安徽省的休宁、屯溪、黟县、歙县，江西省的婺源和浙江省的淳安、建德、开化一带。中国各产茶省均有眉茶生产，其中以浙江、安徽、江西三省为主。是中国产区最广、产量最高、销区最稳、消费最普遍的茶类。

采制工艺

鲜叶采摘标准为一芽一叶和一芽二叶初展，选其芽壮叶肥，白毫茂密者，经摊放、杀青、揉捻、烘坯、锅炒、复烘等六道工序精制而成。

1.摊放

采回的芽叶必须经过精心拣剔，剔除不符要求的鱼叶、叶片及杂质等物。摊放1--2小时，表面水蒸发干净即可。

2.杀青

要求高温杀青，杀匀杀透，青气消失、香气显露，才算达到杀青适度。杀青叶含水量都控制在60%左右。

(1)用6SST—30/40连续滚筒杀青机，每次利用杀青机作业前，必须较长时间的预热滚筒确保吸收足够热源。避免每次投叶产生筒壁及筒体尾部粘叶现象。预热必须启动滚筒运转，以防止筒体受热变形。

(2)当滚筒达到杀青温度时，即滚筒内空气温度达到110℃—120℃左右时，才能投叶作业。

(3)杀青时间的确定：将鲜叶或类似物质，从进料盘投入滚筒，测定排出滚筒的时间，可通过机架前端手轮丝杆机构改变滚筒倾角调控杀青时间长短，杀青时间根据不同名优茶、鲜叶嫩度、水分多少确定，以杀青适度为准，一般春茶为2分钟。

(4)每批鲜叶投叶结束后，约经一半杀青时间内，应脚踏出叶端机架、使滚筒急剧倾斜，快速排出杀青叶、防止焦叶、爆点。

3.揉捻：要求揉捻叶组织破碎程度为45至55%为适度；嫩叶要轻揉，老叶要重揉，嫩叶要冷揉，老叶要热揉。

锅温保持70℃左右，用单把揉的手法，将茶叶左右推揉成条，重力推揉，达到细胞破碎充分的目的，当达五成干时即可。

4.烘焙：分三次进行，第一次只烘至五成千，摊放1～2小时。第二次较低温焙至七、八成干，摊放6～12小时。第三次低温焙至足干。

5.锅炒：是形成婺源茗眉茶独特品质的关键工序。其法是在保持锅温90℃左右时，每锅投叶量约1公斤，四指并扰，手掌张开，拇指朝上，小指向锅，运用腕力和臂力，双手将茶叶从锅底徐徐推向锅沿，当茶叶由上自由翻落时，双手捧茶轻轻搓捻，抖散结块，周而复始，当炒至六成干时，白毫显露出锅，再以焙笼文火烘干。

6.复烘。

**写云南家乡特产范文英语 第十六篇**

Kunming\'s picturesque natural scenery enhances delicious local foods. Kunming dishes are representative of Yunnan cuisine, which bines cooking styles of other cities and nationalities outside Kunming. The most fabulous of all Yunnan food is Yunnan rice noodles (Guoqiao mixian, literally \_Crossing the bridge rice noodles\_). With its high humidity and mild temperatures Kunming provides abundant fruits and vegetables all year for local cuisine. In addition, there are numerous snack options in high streets and back lanes. You can find good places and restaurants to eat in Kunming during your Kunming tour. By the way, most hotels in Kunming offer Western food in a noise-free environment at prices much higher than those charged in mon Western restaurants.

Steaming-Pot Chicken (Qiguo Ji

This dish gained its name from steaming the chicken in a pot with a hollow tube in the center. It is a simple tasty dish. To make it, place chicken, ginger, a shallot, pepper and salt in the pot and steam for about four hours, during which time steam from the tube contacts the cold pot cover turning to water, then flows back into the pot to bee delicious chicken soup. Before serving, remove ginger and shallot.

Braised Jizong (mushroom) in Soy Sauce (Hongshao Jizong红烧鸡枞)

Kunming is host to various wild mushrooms including Jizong. Whenever the sun shines after a rain from June to September, many Jizong shaped like small grey umbrellas appear on the mountain. The chicken-like taste of Jizong is popular with gourmands. Braised Jizong in Soy Sauce is prepared this way: Wash Jizong; dry by airing; cut into pieces. Next chop chili and tenderloin pieces. Wrap tenderloin and Jizong pieces in egg white, starch and salt mixture; fry in hot oil. Finally, braise the Jizong and tenderloin pieces with garlic, ginger and shallot. Drizzle sesame oil on a plate, place braised pieces on oil.

Kunming Bittern Duck (Kunming Lu Ya

The dish is a first choice among tourists. After choosing ducks from Dianchi Lake and preparing with some ten steps, it can be served. The dish is golden with a soft flavor. It is said that Bittern Duck is a dish do much good to people\'s health.

Across Bridge Rice Noodle

Across Bridge Rice Noodle (Yunnan Guoqiao Mixian) is one of the featured specialties of Kunming and Yunnan. It has three main parts: a bowl of extremely hot chicken broth, various slices of meat, including chicken, fish, and meat up to nine varieties, with various seasonings and rice noodles. Preparation: Add meat and seasonings to the soup first, then the rice noodles. Season with pepper powder, gourmet powder, fried chili, and chopped onion; the flavorful soup is colorful red, green, yellow and white.

Xuanwei Ham (Xuanwei Huotui

Xuanwei Ham (Xuanwei Huotui) also called \'Yuntui\' or \'Yunnan Ham\' is one of the three famous and best hams in China. The main ingredient in many local dishes, Yunnan Ham retains its unique flavor and can be stored for long periods of time. Offered in most local restaurants, ham preparation includes baking, salting, pestle, warming, and freezing.

Modern Cake (Modeng Baba

Baba is popular in Yunnan. It is a food made of flour, corn powder, sticky rice, lard, sesame and meat. The initiators of Modern Baba were two pretty sisters who made sweet and tasteful Baba that attracts people even today. Modern Baba has a crisp exterior and a soft interior; it is sweet with savory cream.

Other Kunming Snacks

Besides Modeng Baba, other snacks include Shao Mai (steamed dumpling with the dough gathered at the top), Chou Doufu (bean curd), Wandou Fen (bean jelly), and Jicai Jiao (shepherd\'s-purse dumpling). Pastry is another local favorite in Kunming. Xuanwei Ham Moon cake is a Dian style moon cake praised even by emperors. Rose Cake is a seasonal fresh-tasting pastry with a stuffing of fragrant roses in bud. Best known is Dian Eight Articles, the representative pastry in Kunming.

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