# 游览黄山英语范文初一共35篇

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*游览黄山英语范文初一 第一篇描写黄山古诗1、《夜泊黄山闻殷十四吴吟》李白（唐）昨夜谁为吴会吟，风生万壑振空林。龙惊不敢水中卧，猿啸时闻岩下音。我宿黄山碧溪月，听之却罢松间琴。朝来果是沧洲逸，酤酒醍盘饭霜栗。半酣更发江海声，客愁顿向杯中失。2...*

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第一篇**

描写黄山古诗

1、《夜泊黄山闻殷十四吴吟》

李白（唐）

昨夜谁为吴会吟，风生万壑振空林。

龙惊不敢水中卧，猿啸时闻岩下音。

我宿黄山碧溪月，听之却罢松间琴。

朝来果是沧洲逸，酤酒醍盘饭霜栗。

半酣更发江海声，客愁顿向杯中失。

2、《因公檄按游黄山》

吴黯（宋）

倏忽云烟化杳冥，峰峦随水入丹青。

地连药鼎汤泉沸，山带龙须草树腥。

半壁绛霞幽洞邃，一川寒雹古湫灵。

霓旌去后无消息，犹有仙韶动俗听。

3、《山中问答》

李白（唐）

问余何意栖碧山，笑而不答心自闲。

桃花流水窅然去，别有天地非人间。

4、《黄山采药图》

许士骐

采药入深山，苍茫云海间。

盘空穿鸟道，异卉满囊拈。

5、《黄山绝顶题文殊院》

魏源（清）

峰奇石奇松更奇，云飞水飞山亦飞。

华山忽向江南峙，十丈花开一万围。

6、《同友人游黄山》

汤宾尹（明）

冒雨穿山羡未曾，息肩无寺寺无僧。

宽围白浪身千叶，峭入青天手一藤。

龙吼药炉舂急杵，猿调茶鼎煮孤灯。

与君伸脚量峰碛，踏着云光不记层。

7、《黄山奇看古仙都》

游国恩

黄山奇看古汕都，寰宇名山总弗如。

拔地峰峦雄岱岳，浮空云海胜匡庐。

名传灵迹三大子，松傲秦封五大夫。

未放穷幽凌绝顶，自怜腰脚愧曹朱。

8、《黄山行》

释弘仁（清）

坐破苔衣第几重，梦中三十六芙蓉。

倾来墨沈堪持赠，恍惚难名是某峰。

9、《黄海杂兴》

余鸿（清）

浮云变幻岂无心，闲看云飞酒自斟。

双壁如门霞是障，群峰拔地笋成林。

雪依片石留鸿爪，台峙层峦理素琴。

钟子难逢谁识我，高山流水慕知音。

10、《游黄山留题》

张冠卿（宋）

路尽清溪逼画图，乱云深处插天都。

雾开虎豹文姿出，松隐龙蛇怪状孤。

吐焰看砂奴火齐，凌虚精舍碍灵乌。

我来为访容成侣，试问丹丘果有无。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二篇**

那天我们早上四点多钟起床，冒着严寒走了大概45分钟山路，来到黄山有名的“始信峰”看日出。

天空一片淡蓝，映着白茫茫的云海，站在峰顶就像站在云朵上。一瞬间，天边泛起亮光，出现了一道红霞，这广阔无垠的天空和无边无际的云海，完全被这霞光融合在一起，分不清它们的界限，看不清它们的轮廓，只感到一种柔和明快的美，红霞的范围不断扩大，越来越红，越来越亮，我们估计，太阳就要升起来了，便更加充满期待。

果然，天边渐渐地露出了弧型的金边，啊！那是太阳的小半边脸，红是红得很，但没有一丝亮光。接着，太阳就像向云海探秘，将负重的身体冉冉升起。

太阳终于蹦出云海，那火红的圆球，令一望无际的天空布满了耀眼的金光，把周围晶莹的冰川点缀得光斑粼粼，在云海面上铺成一条又宽又长又亮金光大道。

啊！美极了，壮观极了！一时间我竟分不清这神奇的景色，是虚幻缥缈的仙境，还是实实在在的人间。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第三篇**

Mountaineering is the sport, hobby or profession of walking, hiking, trekking and climbing up mountains. It is also sometimes known as alpinism, particularly in Europe. While it began as an all-out attempt to reach the highest point of unclimbed mountains, it has branched into specializations addressing different aspects of mountains and may now be said to consist of three aspects: rock-craft, snow-craft and skiing, depending on whether the route chosen is over rock, snow or ice. All require great athletic and technical ability, and experience is also a very important part of the matter.

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第四篇**

The Huang Mountain is a place of are lots of tourists seeing sights every ago,some of them paid no attention to environment threw about waste paper,plastic bags and killed animals,caught birds,destroyed trees and still,they often made a fire to cook in the was dangerous.

Changes have taken place tourists leave,they take away rubbish with no longer hunt are also the tourists carry their lunch in order not to start forest must sing high praise of the good deeds.

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第五篇**

went to the Great Wall with my friends Li Leilast Sunday. It took us about an hour to get there by bus. It was hot and sunny that day. There were thousands of people on the wall. We walked on the wall about two hours. We met a group of foreigner and talked with them in English. I bought a book about the Great wall and my friend bought a pair of sunglasses. We ate our lunch at a restaurent. We didn\'t go home until 3:00 in the afternoon. Although we were tired, we felt very happy.

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第六篇**

游客们，大家好！我是你此次去玩的导游，欢迎来到世界遗产―黄山风景区。很高兴成为此次去玩的导游！我叫牛家乐，大家就叫我牛导好了。俗话说：“五岳归来不看山，黄山归来不看岳。”黄山以奇松、怪石、云海、温泉和冬雪“五艳”闻名中外。今天我就给大家介绍一下黄山奇松吧！大家请看，黄山的松树能在岩石中生存，生命力极强。它们形状各异，资态万千：黑虎松，龙爪松，连理松，迎客松等很多松树都为它们的形状而得名呢！迎客松是黄山的著名景点，奇特的外形引人注意。它的树干中部部达到7。6米，两头侧枝伸向前方，恰是位好客的主人，挥开双臂，好像在向游客挥手；热情欢迎外内外宾客光临，成为中华人民好客的象征。黄山的奇观说也说不完，看也看不够。现在，大家就去尽情欣赏风景吧。再见了，我的游客们。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第七篇**

“五岳归来不看山，黄山归来不看岳”。至今，我还赞叹着黄山的美景。去年，我与爸爸妈妈去黄山旅游，那里山清水秀，景色秀丽，真让人流连忘返。

黄山的四大景观是奇松、怪石、云海、温泉。可我最喜欢的还是奇松、怪石。

黄山的松树千姿百态，无奇不有，它们都扎根在悬崖峭壁之上。但最著名的还是迎客松。迎客松的枝叶都朝一个方向伸展，风一吹，一根根枝干摇摇晃晃，好像千万只小手挥舞着，仿佛在欢迎我们的带来。

最著名的怪石要算飞来石，为什么叫飞来石呢？因为飞来石竖立在悬崖边，重200吨，可与地面接触的地方只有一点点，无论风怎么吹，雨怎么下，它都纹丝不动，好像是从天上飞下来的一样。

黄山的一草一木都很奇特，她那秀丽的风景犹如一幅幅美丽的图画深深地刻在我的脑海里，直到今天我还想着黄山呢！

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第八篇**

Everyone has different ways to spend time on holidays or weekends,and so have I .As time goes by, my interests change too. I don\'t want to live as before. I\'m looking for a special way to have a healthy body. Instead of spending my vacation staying at home,surfing the Internet or sleeping all day,I choose moutain I like it very much.

Why I like moutain climbing? Let me tell first,moutain climbing is good for my health and I can take exercise at the same can help me to build up my endurance and it\'s helpful to me in my studies. I also can get close to nature. I usually go for moutain climbing in my holiday with my friends. We often set out in the morning .Because at that time, the air is better. As we go , we can enjoy the beautiful scenery around us . Especially when we reach the top of the mountain we can enjoy the scenery of the city that we live in .

Don\'t stay at home , go out ! Climb mountains with us together.

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第九篇**

It\'s spring now. The weather is warm and comfortable. It\'s a good time for hiking. Therefore, my teacher organized a climbing for us. There is a beautiful mountain in my city and it\'s target this time. We took bus there and arrived there at 9 .. After we took off the bus, we started to climb. The mountain is high but the scenery is beautiful. We are so excited that we climbed fast at first. But after a while, some of us were tired,especially girls. They did not want to go on anymore. But some others encouraged and helped them. All of us slowed down our speed, so that no one was left behind. About 11:00 ., we got to the top of the mountain. We were so happy that we did it. We feel that all the tiredness were worth it.

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十篇**

Last week we travelled to Mt. huang in Anhui Province. That is my first time to go there.

We went there by train and bus. It took us 1 night to get there. We have eaten many kinds of Hui Food. I like them very much. We have climbed the for 2 day and we also have lived in the hotel which is on the top of Mt. is exciting. The weather on the mountain always rain. It was wonderful too. We have taken the telpher. It was the most exciting. The mountain is not only amazing but also beautiful. I love this mountain.

Travel to Mountain Huang is one of the most unforgettable travel in my memory. I really want to go there again.

上周我们前往安徽省的黄山。这是我第一次去那里。

我们去那里乘火车和公共汽车。我们花了一晚上。我们吃各种各样的回族的食物。我非常喜欢他们。我们用了两天的.时间爬上黄山我们还也住在黄山顶端的酒店。它是令人兴奋的。山上的天气总是下雨。这是美妙的。我们已经把高架索道。这是最令人兴奋的。山不仅是神奇而且美丽。我爱这座山。

前往黄山是一种最令人难忘的旅行在我的记忆里。我真的很想再次去那里。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十一篇**

The strange pines，absurd stones， sea of clouds and hot springs are the four wonders of Mt. Huangshan.

Strange pines

Huangshan pines are seen in every corner of Mt. Huangshan. You will be amazed by their vitality and strength. The seeds fall into the crevices where they take root and grow with great vigor. The uneven terrain prevents the pines from growing upright. Instead they become crooked and even downward. Another feature of Huangshan pines is that many trees grow branches on one side only. The pines grow very slowly due to the poor soil and climatic conditions. A tree less than 3 meters () high may have grown for over one hundred years or even several hundred years. The root of a pine is several times or several dozens times longer than the trunk， therefore Huangshan pines stand firmly with dignity， withstanding wind and rain. Every pine is unique though: Guest-Greeting Pine (in front of the stone lion of the Jade Screen Pavilion in the Jade Screen Scenic Area)， Guest-Goodbye Pine (to the right of the Jade Screen Pavilion)， Cushion Pine at Lotus Valley， Phoenix Pine at the Sky Sea， Chessboard Pine at Pingtian Stone Bridge， Kylin Pine between Bei Hai Hotel and the Refreshing Terrace， Black Tiger Pine and Sea Exploring Pine are among the most famous ones.

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十二篇**

Everybody is good: “I\'m in anhui, the tour guide is welcome to anhui tourism, the places of interest in anhui but countless familiar huangshan mountain, tianzhu mountain, jiuhua mountain!”

When it comes to anhui, you will be thought of “world a strange mountain” the laudatory name of huangshan. Below I will introduce to introduce you to huangshan.

Huangshan is the “three mountains mountains” in one of the “three mountains”. Pines, rocks, sea of clouds, hot springs, hence four unique huangshan.

Huangshan mountain peak seventy-two, natural, and tiandu feng, lotus peak, the light spread out around the three main as the center to.

Huangshan pines, the stone for the mother, in the cloud, for milk, seventy-two peak, everywhere ching touched, such as a magic paintbrush, the huangshan mountain in the five hundred on the colour of life.

Apart from the phoenix wings to fly loose, also don\'t say that whisper song harp loose, but the mountains everyday pines, huangshan is enough to put the deck of the beautiful, wonderful, no wonder the ancients said: “the beauty of huangshan began in loose.”

Huangshan mountain hot springs in 15, of which is known as the “four unique” huangshan, one of the hot spring (so called essence), also known as vermilion spring, there are two entrances and exits. Hot spring water is given priority to with containing bicarbonate, since development in tang dynasty, famous in one thousand.

Sea of clouds is first wonders of huangshan, huangshan mountain since ancient times is regarded as a sea of clouds. The “four unique” of huangshan, one of the first is the sea of clouds, thus, sea of clouds is dressed up the “wonderland” magic beautician. Cloud in the name, who can say no? The wonders in the sea, so sea unreal peaks clouds, imagery, imagine that even millions!

Listen to me so much, are you move? As the saying goes: “seeing is believing, see the less experience.” I will not say everyone to experience of huangshan! After went to, you\'ll be “returned from five mountain, mount huangshan return from yue.” Speak is so right!

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十三篇**

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**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十四篇**

你能读懂黄山峭壁上的那株迎客松吗？

Can you read the greeting pine on the cliff of Huangshan Mountain?

云缠它，雾绕它，雨抽它，风摧它，霜欺雪压，雷电轰顶，大自然仿佛容不得它的存在，定要除之而后快。然而，它不低头，不让步，不畏风刀雪斧的剔抉，在数不尽的反击和怒号声中，练就了一身铮铮铁骨，凝聚了一腔朗朗硬气。

Cloud around it, fog around it, rain pumping it, wind destroying it, frost bullying snow pressure, thunder and lightning, nature can not tolerate its existence, must be removed and then fast. However, it does not bow its head, do not give in, do not fear the wind, the snow, and the axe. In the countless counterattacks and howls, it has developed a strong character and a strong spirit.

一次次，它在风雨中抗争呐喊；一回回，它把云雾撕扯成碎片；它以威严逼迫霜雪乖乖逃遁；它以刚硬驱逐雷电远避它方……

Over and over again, it fought and cried in the wind and rain; over and over again, it tore the clouds into pieces; it forced frost and snow to flee obediently with its majesty; it drove thunder and lightning away with its hardness

一切生之渴望、生之奋斗、生之抗争，都在这由苍松摇出的命运交响曲中展现出来了。

All the desire, struggle and struggle of life are shown in the symphony of fate.

读黄山松，你不觉得我们的安徽正是一棵伟岸挺拔的劲松吗？

Reading Huangshan pine, don\'t you think our Anhui Province is just a giant and tall strong pine?

安徽，襟江带淮，千年激荡，几经兴衰，这片辽阔的大地上曾上演过多少群雄逐鹿、惊心动魄的.故事啊！

Anhui, with the Huaihe River, has experienced ups and downs for thousands of years. How many exciting stories have been staged in this vast land!

这里曾经是华夏文明的发祥地之一。老庄道学，三曹华章，新安文学，桐城散文……这些，都是中华文化中不可或缺的一部分。

It used to be one of the birthplaces of Chinese civilization. Laozhuang Daoism, three caohuazhang, Xin\'an literature, Tongcheng prose These are all indispensable parts of Chinese culture.

一句“祸兮，福之所倚；福兮，祸之所伏”道出了多少人世沧桑；一句“锄禾日当午，汗滴禾下土”道出了安徽人民的勤劳和艰辛。

One sentence \_misfortune, where the blessing depends; blessing, where the misfortune lies\_ tells us how many vicissitudes of life have taken place; one sentence \_weeding day at noon, sweat dripping under the grain\_ tells us the hard work and hardship of Anhui people.

“相看两不厌，独有敬亭山”，“天门中断楚江开，碧水东流至此回”，“五岳归来不看山，黄山归来不看岳”……这些，不正印证了文人墨客们对江淮秀丽景色的向往吗？

\_We never tire of seeing each other, but only Jingting mountain\_, \_Tianmen interrupts the opening of the Chu River, and the clear water flows eastward to this place\_, \_the return of the five mountains does not look at the mountains, and the return of the Yellow Mountains does not look at the mountains\_ These, not true proof of the literati on the beautiful scenery of the Yangtze River and Huaihe River yearning for it?

众人皆知大禹“三过家门而不入”，却有几人清楚那倚门而立翘首遥望、“人面桃花相映红”的正是咱安徽潜山姑娘呀！“乔公二女秀所钟，秋水并蒂开芙蓉”令诗人充满了无限的向往，而那“举手长劳劳，两情同依依”的焦刘之恋不也跨越时空感动今人吗？

Everyone knows that Dayu \_passed through the house three times but didn\'t enter\_, but some people know that it\'s our Anhui Qianshan girl who stands up against the door and looks up and looks at her head! The poet is full of infinite yearning for \_Qiao Gong and her two daughters show the bell, autumn water and hibiscus\_. But the love of Jiao Liu, who \_raises his hand and works hard for a long time, and relies on both feelings together\_, also moves people across time and space?

文房四宝，徽派建筑，芜湖铁画，黄梅戏，凤阳花鼓……这些，全是江淮儿女智慧的结晶啊！

Four treasures of study, Huizhou architecture, Wuhu iron painting, Huangmei Opera, Fengyang Flower Drum All these are the crystallization of wisdom of Jianghuai people!

千年前推翻了秦王朝残暴统治的轰轰烈烈的陈胜、吴广起义，千年后在抗日战争、解放战争中浴血奋战的无数勇士可歌可泣的事迹，无不印证了江淮儿女不畏压迫、抵御欺凌的铮铮铁骨。

The heroic uprising of Chen Sheng and Wu Guang, who overthrew the brutal rule of the Qin Dynasty thousands of years ago, and the heroic deeds of countless brave men who fought hard in the Anti Japanese War and the liberation war thousands of years later, have all proved the unyielding character of the people of Jianghuai who are not afraid of oppression and resist bullying.

黄山松，我读懂了你！黄山松，你是徽魂！

Huangshan pine, I can read you! Huangshan pine, you are the soul of Hui!

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十五篇**

各位游客：

大家好，女士们，先生们，欢迎来到黄山风景区的地方，我是黄山旅行社的导游谢凯政，今日有幸为大家服务，我十分高兴，我将尽力为大家供给满意的服务，不足之处，请批评指正。

在参观黄山风景区之前，请允许我把黄山风景区介绍一下：黄山风景区是中国著名风景区之一世界游览胜地，位于安徽省南部黄山市，主峰莲花峰，海拔1864米。黄山处于亚热带季风气候区内，由于山谷深，气候呈垂直变化。同时由于北坡和南坡，受阳光的辐射大，局部地形对气候起主导作用，构成云雾多、温度大，降水多的气候特点。黄山旅游过的明代旅行家又留下“五岳归来不看山黄山归来不看岳这句名句。黄山以云海、温泉、奇松、怪石、四绝著称于世。

让我们先讲黄山的“怪石”吧，最著名的“仙桃石”它就好像天上飞下来的一个桃子，落在了一个山顶上巨大的石盘。“仙人指路”就更趣味了，远远望去，好象正对我指出出口的方向。

好了，为了让大家玩的开心，我就不说这么多了，请大家注意不要乱扔垃圾，做个礼貌的游客，不要到危险的地方去。祝大家玩得开心，拜拜！

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十六篇**

“五岳归来不看山，黄山归来不看岳”。十一假期，为何爸妈慕名而来。

当我们站在黄山脚下时，黄山就似一个伸进了云端的巨人，高的看不见顶。“这要爬多久啊！”我心里打起了退堂鼓。可一想到山顶上秀美的景色，我就鼓足了勇气，顺着山人流往上爬。

快到山顶时，我看到了黄山最有名的松树——迎客松。这棵长在石缝里的松树苍劲有力，茂盛的枝叶朝着人们走过的地方伸展开来，仿佛似主人伸开的臂膀，正在迎接客人的到来。

啊，终于到了光明顶，光明顶上云雾缭绕，仿佛似是来到了人间仙境一般。我情不自禁的说：“真美啊！”我想用手试着抓住那些云雾，可是试了好几次都抓不到。

抓不到云雾，却抓得到奇石。一路上黄山的奇石无处不在，它们千奇百怪，有的似一只凶猛的狮子；有的似一只可爱的小兔子；有的似一只美丽的梅花鹿……真是形态各异。

黄山处处云雾缭绕，苍松翠柏，奇峰异岭真是一个人间仙境啊！

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十七篇**

Before departure, the mist is dispersing, this is the last night, the baptism of reasons. open the door, and a fresh wind with the wind, the weariness of my face suddenly disappeared.

We all along the sidewalk, sucking in the rain had to bring our good air. well, since the last few day is always the sun was fierce, the entire city seemed as if a large steamer, we find to a breath of fresh air, as it matches a few days. i have more and stay in an air-conditioned room. go over the delay in the plan. but today i can finally my days have been a dream of plan!! I finally came to the top, i hailed. this is my father was so excited i say \_daughter ： look!\_ my dad her finger along the direction and the hangzhou! i was most surprised by the sweat! i don\'t shed in vain, in my trip to hangzhou this has been a great longing, that was hope you can see the whole hangzhou, i don\'t think i have been limited to a small space, i\'ll see more. the god give me a handsome present.

Yes, all good things and are not initially can be found, you is a persevering endeavor. my life is also true, but i was not daunted by difficulties in learning and hard to put forward, my life will have a good result.

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十八篇**

大家好，我是xxx，你们的导游。现在看到的是黄山奇石，这里有仙桃

石头，老和尚收集药物，狗看月亮，猴子看大海，金鸡叫天空，仙女指点，狮子抓球，仙女跳钢琴等。黄山石还有一个有趣的传说：

传说孙悟空在天宫大闹，吃了仙桃。其中一人不慎跌落黄山之巅，成为“仙桃石”。如来知道后，把孙悟空压在仙桃石下，孙悟空却偷偷爬了出来。他抱着腿坐在仙桃石上，一动不动地蹲在山顶上，看着天空中翻滚的云海，不禁想起毕在天空中的一幕，眼泪忍不住流了下来，就这样变成了“猴子看海”。一位仙女走过来，看到它如此悲伤。他说：“不要难过。我给你带路。”。这就是“神仙指路”。孙悟空觉得困了，就去睡觉了。第十天，他起床了，但是他还是困了，所以他又去睡觉了。第二十天早上太阳升起时，山上的几块巨石变成了金鸡。它伸着脖子对着正在天都峰顶上酣睡的孙悟空吠叫道：“懒！起来！”不用说，这就是“金鸡叫天”。

你喜欢这个有趣的传说吗？你喜欢这块神奇的黄山石吗？这是我们祖国的骄傲。希望大家在参观的时候注意保护环境。这里有很多不能命名的怪石，等你来命名！玩得开心！

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第十九篇**

大家好，欢迎来到美丽的黄山。我姓王，你们可以叫我王导。现在，请大家跟我上山。

黄山是安徽省旅游的的标志，是世界文化与自然的双重遗产，黄山里有许多美景，比如：给人们引路的迎客松，还有很多千姿百态的怪石，还有变幻莫测的云海和有“灵泉”之称的温泉。

我现在带领你们看看黄山的怪石。你们看到那一块巨石没？那有一只“松鼠”，在那上面，双眼一直望着天都峰，它就要准备跳上天都峰呀！这个就叫松鼠跳天都。看天都峰的最上面，有一个石头特别像猴子，它的头一直往下看，一直凝视着下面。大家知道这块怪石叫什么吗？没错，这是――猴子观海。黄山被命名的怪石有120多处，大家可以自由观看一下。

好，我们刚刚看了黄山的怪石，现在我们一直往前走，去看一下温泉吧！大家看到那个沸腾的温泉了吧！那温泉的上面冒着水泡，你们若到里面泡泡，肯定会觉得神清气爽的。

大家刚刚泡了温泉，现在舒服多了吧！我们去看看黄山奇松吧！这就是有名的迎客松，它好似在欢迎远道而来的客人。

可惜这次没看到云海，若这次能欣赏到变幻莫测的云海，那就完美了。大家游玩的时候，请注意安全，还有不要乱丢垃圾啊。

美好的时光就是这么短暂，我要和大家说再见了。我的朋友们，我有什么不足之处，大家可以告诉我，我会改正的，再见。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十篇**

The winter holiday is \'m very this is the matter that I expect already a long have done a plan list concerning winter vacation first, so my winter vacation life then can become will go some tour pine spots of China, such as yellow mountain etc..After I will spend a little time to study a new information to know, and review the contents of last finally several days take a rest at missing my this winter vacation will lead very meaningfully.

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十一篇**

游客们：

大家好！

欢迎大家来到世界遗产之一——黄山风景名胜区。很高兴成为大家的导游！我姓周，大家可以叫我周导。

现在，我先提醒注意事项：首先，我们要做一位文明的游客，不乱扔纸屑，不在石头上乱刻。其次，我们要注意安全，留意脚下，小孩子们不要在危险区运去玩耍。

黄山，位于中国安徽省南部，属中国南岭山脉的部分。全山面积约1200平方公里。黄山山系中段，是黄山的精华部分，也就是我们要浏览的黄山风景区，面积约154平方公里。黄山在唐代以前叫黟山，因为山上岩石都是黑青的。唐朝的皇帝明皇李隆基后来下了一道诏收将黟山改名黄山。

俗话说：“五岳归来不看山，黄山归来不看岳。”黄山以奇松，怪石，云海，温泉“四绝”闻名中外。今天我就给大家介绍黄山的怪石吧。

黄山奇峰怪石，是大自然雕刻家的杰作，有的似物，似兽，似人，惟妙惟肖。最著名的怪石有“猴子观海”，大家看到我的左手边，在狮子峰顶有一巨石，犹如蹲在地上的猴子，在观看前面的云海。著明的怪石还有“仙人下棋”“金鸡叫天门”，“梦笔生花”，“仙人指路”等等。

各位游客，这次美妙的游览结束了，欢迎大家再来游玩。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十二篇**

Last week we travelled to Mt. huang in Anhui Province. That is my first time to go there.

We went there by train and bus. It took us 1 night to get there. We have eaten many kinds of Hui Food. I like them very much. We have climbed the for 2 day and we also have lived in the hotel which is on the top of Mt. is exciting. The weather on the mountain always rain. It was wonderful too. We have taken the telpher. It was the most exciting. The mountain is not only amazing but also beautiful. I love this mountain.

Travel to Mountain Huang is one of the most unforgettable travel in my memory. I really want to go there again.

>【参考译文】

上周我们前往安徽省的黄山。这是我第一次去那里。

我们去那里乘火车和公共汽车。我们花了一晚上。我们吃各种各样的回族的食物。我非常喜欢他们。我们用了两天的时间爬上黄山我们还也住在黄山顶端的酒店。它是令人兴奋的。山上的天气总是下雨。这是美妙的。我们已经把高架索道。这是最令人兴奋的。山不仅是神奇而且美丽。我爱这座山。

前往黄山是一种最令人难忘的旅行在我的记忆里。我真的很想再次去那里。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十三篇**

大家好！欢迎来到黄山风景区。我是你的向导。我叫金。接下来，让我向你介绍黄山！

黄山是中国著名的风景名胜之一，也是世界旅游胜地。黄山可以从前山或后山攀登。磁光阁是千山的票房。今天我们在千山。每个人都跟着我穿过马路来到台阶路。前面是半山寺。半山寺因位于玉屏楼和慈光阁之间而得名。半山寺是\_写的。在寺庙前面，你可以看到被称为天门的金鸡和其他景点。

现在我们进入玉屏风景区。看，这是天都峰。它位于黄山的东南部，西临莲花峰，东临化缘峰，距玉屏峰约1公里。天都峰是黄山的三大主峰之一，也是36座山峰之一，海拔1810米。“万仙之都”的古名意为天堂之都，所以被称为“天都峰”。这座山峰的特点是骨骼强壮，意志力强。它位于卓立的表面。它极其陡峭，气势宏伟。在黄山的山峰中，它是最壮丽的。它与莲花峰和光明顶一起被称为黄山的三大主峰。在古代，没有办法到达顶峰。天都峰还有其他奇景，如桃石、梯子和鱼背，还有其他奇景，如参观海松和舞松。山顶墙上的巨石上有“登峰造极”之类的石雕。

这是莲花峰，海拔1864。它高达7米，是黄山的最高峰，也是中国东部的最高峰。这座山峰陡峭高耸，气势磅礴。因为主峰是突兀的，小峰是聚在一起的，燕燕被称为“莲花峰”，因为如果新的莲花在开始开花，它将面朝上盛开。一百步梯：200步，下面的观景台可以看到：猪八戒写情书（老和尚定居），龟鱼吃蜗牛，老鼠偷油。青山：黄山36座小山峰之首。海龟背上有一个海龟的场景。去莲花峰有两条路，一条向左，另一条通向龟洞。徐霞客在游记中写道：莲花峰“居于黄山之上，独立于群峰之上”，甚至“天塌下来”。

你看，玉屏峰位于天都和莲花峰之间。它是海拔1716米的36座小山峰之一。峰壁如玉雕屏障，故名“玉屏峰”。玉屏山前有像平台一样的巨石，左边有绿色的狮子石和迎宾松。右边是白象石，送路人松雪亭。玉屏峰上的迎客松是千千一万棵黄松中最珍贵的。她优雅而端庄，优雅而优雅，让人梦寐以求，流连忘返。在这里拍照！迎客松是黄山的代表和象征，是黄山人的体现和骄傲。她不仅被黄山人视为珍宝，而且被中国人视为国宝。

往前走，你能看见吗？这是轻质天花板。黄山的第二高峰海拔1860米，比它的最高峰莲花峰低4米，莲花峰很高，有一个平顶和一个危险的天都峰。灯的顶部平坦而宽敞，在东海有壮观的景色，在西海有山峰。所有的炼丹术的山峰，天堂，莲花，玉屏和鳌鱼都可以看到。明代的普门和尚曾在上面建过大悲院，现在黄山气象站就建在它的废墟上。因为它又高又宽敞，而且阳光普照很久，所以它被命名为光明顶。

该景区的雄山岩、奇松怪谷、古老的摩崖石刻和云雾构成了景区景观的主体。还有孔雀玩莲花、姜太公钓鱼、海上游仙、犀牛望月等。嗯，今天我们将参观这里。只有明天我们才会去西海风景区、白云风景区等。晚上好好休息，明天见！

你可能也会喜欢它：故宫三宝殿的导游，颐和园长廊的导游，鼓浪屿的导游

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十四篇**

亲爱的游客们：

在黄山中必须要观看的是黄山的四绝，说起黄山“四绝”，排在第一的当是奇松。黄山松奇在什么地方呢首先是奇在它无比顽强的生命力，黄松是从坚硬的黄岗岩石里长出来的。黄山到处都生长着松树，它们长峰顶，长悬崖峭壁，长在深壑幽谷，郁郁葱葱，生机勃勃，能说不奇吗其次是，黄山松还奇在它那特有的天然造型。黄山松的针叶短粗稠密，叶色浓绿，枝干曲生，树冠扁平，显出一种朴实、稳健、雄浑的气势，而每一处松树，每一株松树，在长相、姿容、气韵上，又各各不一样，都有一种奇特的美。

其次是怪石，在黄山到处都能够看到奇形怪异的岩石，这些怪石的模样儿千差万别，有的像人，有的像物，有的有的反映了某些神话传说和历史故事，都活灵活现，生动趣味。这些怪石有的是庞然大物，有的奇巧玲珑；有的独立成景，有的是几个组合或同奇松巧妙结合成景。还些怪石因为观赏位置和角度变了，模样儿也就有了变化，成了一石二景。

再来就是云海。虽然在中国其它名山也能看到云海，但没有一个能比得上黄山云海那样壮观和变幻无穷。大约就是这个缘故，黄山还有另外一个名字，叫“黄海”。这可不是妄称，是有历史为证的。明朝有位著名的史志学家叫潘之恒，在黄山住了几十年，写了一部60卷的大部头书——黄山山志，书名就叫《黄海》。黄山的一些景区、宾馆和众多景观的命名，都同这个特殊的“海”有关联，有些景观若在云海中观赏，就会显得更加真切，韵味也更足了。这些也都证明，“黄海”这个名字是名副其实的。

最终，介绍一下温泉。我们常讲的和游览的温泉是前山的黄山宾馆温泉，古时候又叫汤泉，从紫石峰涌出。用它命名的温泉景区，是进入黄山南大门后最先到达的景区。温泉水量充足，水温常年坚持在42度左右，水质良好，并包含对人体有益的矿物质，有必须的医疗价值，对皮肤病，风湿病和消化系统的疾病，确有必须的疗效。可是只能浴，不能饮；过云说它能够饮用，是不科学的。

其实，黄山温泉不止一处。在黄山北坡叠嶂峰下，还有一个温泉，叫松谷庵，古称锡泉。它与山南的宾馆温泉水平距离7。5公里，标高也近，南北对称，遥相呼应。这也够奇的了。可是因为它地处偏僻目前还未开发利用。

各位朋友们，今日的游览就到此结束了。欢迎你们和你们的朋友再次来黄山游玩。多谢！

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十五篇**

黄山海拔6000多米，那是一个景色宜人、风景优美的地方，见过黄山的人，都会惊叹不已。

从山底往上看，黄山快要冲破天似的，爬到半山腰都要几个小时呢！边上的铁链摇摇晃晃的，好似快要掉下来似的，真叫人发颤。

我使劲往上爬，有些石头有七八十厘米高，跨也跨不过去；有些石头窄得不到1分米，人们只好往斜坡上走；还有的又高又窄，人们都不敢爬了！飞来石似仙桃的核，传说大闹天空的齐天大圣——孙悟空偷了一个仙桃，吃完桃子后把核扔在这，这就是飞来石的来历。

我爬到山顶，往山下望去，啊，树木与房子变得那么渺小，就似一颗颗黄豆，有红色的，有黄色的，还有红蓝相间的，大的，小的，形状千奇百怪。

我觉得，随着祖国各项事业的发展，黄山也会变得更加有趣的。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十六篇**

1、石猴万载坐高崖，盼客归来手托腮；待到明年春日暖，漫山遍野故人来。

2、山盟海誓长生殿，玉殒嵬坡痛断肠；魂寄蓬莱仙境地，明皇亲手画晨妆。

3、红艳春花簇簇开，黄山美景盼人来；轻舒巨臂邀诸客，再上天都眺远台。

4、望客殷勤上雨台，才逢君面又离开；热情挥手由兹去，恭请明年又再来。

5、玉蕊向天开，观音下界来；东归陀岛去，留下佛莲台。

6、开在黄山上，无人识得伊；深红蒹浅紫，唯独有春知。

7、摩天接日云台渺，飞瀑挥毫忒有神；写出丰姿遒劲字，顶天立地一完人。

8、千姿百态皮蓬境，变化无穷巧石奇；才见登梅鸦鹊跳，阿倾指路一仙耆。

9、光明顶上彩云飞，忽见仙桃石已归；石去天涯无歇处，仍回松岭伴朝辉。

10、松翁挺立玉屏峰，颔首相邀似重逢；笑迎东西南北客，黄山深处觅仙踪。

11、玉笋峰前四翠虬，荫凉盖下涌人流；千年陪客情不悔，任尔狂风暴雨稠。

12、试胆崖边壁与松，相拥而立弟和兄；同生共死情难悔，齐度春秋又夏冬。

13、黄山有四绝，亲至见真魂；松似虬螭午，岩如虎豹奔；云滔东海浪，泉涤华清温；归去不登岳，名山君独尊。

14、飞悬索道半云巅，头顶丹霞欲触天；下界九龙齐闹海，上方小翠戏诸仙。

15、万树桃花漫翠岭，霞光艳影映龙川；粉凝脂蓄三春后，红谢溪头染碧泉。

16、峭壑阴森，云气汹汹；松影翻飞，势如游龙。披霜傲雪，屹立苍穹；蜿蜒其脊，横空长虹。

17、峭壁悬岩欲断魂，崖边停立有情人；虔心锁上连心锁，祈祷来生更眷亲。

18、立马青鸾眺壁端，龙飞凤午意犹酣；镌工书法堪双绝，装点黄山更耐看。

19、黄山绝妙神奇境，萦绕经年梦幻真；始信峰巅横宇外，渡仙桥下乱云湮；双连松臂风姿秀，独饮琴台浊酒醇；人世灵应无此景，九霄日月可为邻。

20、蜿蜒盘绕上苍穹，逶迤游人兴浃融；止步云梯叹鬼斧，行经栈道赞神功；天都飘缈浮云际，莲蕊迷蒙隐雾中；百里黄山皆画卷，更兼古道万松葱。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十七篇**

We had a seven-day holiday for May Day. So my family and I went to climb Country Mountain.

We went there by my father\'s car. It took about an hour. It was long and dull.

At about nine o’clock, we began to climb the mountain. We enjoyed it and we didn\'t feel tired at all. We sang and chatted while we were climbing the mountain. When we got to the top of the mountain, we found ourselves sweating and out of breathe. We sat on the stones in the sunshine to have a rest. There were many pine trees around us. The grass was getting green; the wind was soft and fresh. Everything was so beautiful that all of us couldn\'t help shouting to the mountain loudly, “We love nature!”

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十八篇**

The tourists, everyone! Welcome to the world heritage - huangshan scenic area. Very glad to be a tour guide! My name is ruan treatments teng, people call me nguyen guide.

As the saying goes: “its return from mountain, mount huangshan return from yue.” Huangshan pines, rocks, sea of clouds, hot spring, snow “five greats” famous Chinese and foreign. Today I will give everyone focuses on huangshan pines.

Everyone see, huangshan pine trees can survive in rock seam, strong vitality. Their shapes, the intricacies of: black tiger, African, come loose loose knot, welcoming pine and so on many pine trees because they shape the name! Guest-greeting pine is one of the famous scenic spot huangshan, appearance is special: its central trunk out of the two lateral branch of up to meters exhibition to the front, like a hospitable host, waved his arms, warmly welcome guests from home and abroad to visit huangshan, become the symbol of the Chinese people warm hospitality. Later we can over there to take photos, as a souvenir.

The wonders of huangshan said also said not over, see also not enough. Now, please enjoy to enjoy the beautiful scenery of huangshan!

Please don\'t throw the peel and in play and food packaging bags, not to a dangerous place.

I wish you all have a good time!

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第二十九篇**

The Yellow Mountain is one of the most famous mountians in lies in the south of the Anhui. Every year thousands of Chinses and foreigners pay a visit there. Its not far from here.

It takes you get there by bus. You can also go there by train or by plane. While you are climbing the mountain you can enjoy the sea of the clouds wondrous pines and unique rocks aroud you. In the early morning when the sun rises the sky looks very beautiful. Its really a nice place to visit.

黄山是中国最著名的山之一。它位于安徽的南部。每年成千上万的中国人和外国人进行访问。它离这儿不远。

你需要乘公共汽车到达那里。你也可以乘火车或飞机去那里。当你爬山你可以尽情享受大海的云奇妙的松树和独特的岩石围绕你。清晨当太阳升起天空看起来很漂亮。它真是一个很好的参观地点。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第三十篇**

各位游客，大家好！黄山欢迎你。我是你的向导。

黄山自古以来就是旅游胜地。明朝大旅行家徐霞客游览黄山后，对黄山评价很高，说:五岳归来不看山，黄山归来不看山。黄山以奇松、云海、怪石和温泉而闻名。

三山五岳之一的黄山，素有天下第一山的美誉。中国最美的东西，震撼人心。

黄山，著名的避暑胜地，是国家级风景名胜区和疗养胜地。

黄山于1985年被选为中国十大风景名胜区之一，并于1990年12月被联合国教科文组织列入世界文化和自然遗产名录。这是中国第一个被列为文化和自然遗产的地方。生态保护完好，动植物多。

对了，这是八百年的迎客松。它是黄山的标志性景观，树枝伸出，姿态优美。

看那些奇怪的东西，有些奇怪的石头就像老人拄着拐杖走路；有的像只大公鸡；有的像先人指路；有些像

看看这无边无际的云海。你知道是怎么做的吗？是因为黄山山谷低，树木茂盛，日照时间短，水不易蒸发，所以湿度大，雾多。常年雨后常见轻雾，从山谷升起，平均雾250天左右，真是云雾之乡。

好的。亲爱的朋友们，今天就到这里。下次见！

黄山迎客松天天欢迎你！

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第三十一篇**

尊敬的游客：

大家好！欢迎来到黄山，我说你们的导游，我姓李，大家可以叫我李导。

俗话说：“五岳归来不看山，黄山归来不看岳。”黄山以奇松、怪石、云海、温泉、冬雪“五绝”闻名中外。今天我就重点介绍黄山的奇松吧！

大家请看，黄山的松树能在岩石缝中生存，生命力极强。它们形状各异，姿态万千；有黑虎松、龙爪松、连理松、迎客松等，很多松树都以它们的形状而得名呢！迎客松是黄山的著名景点之一，年龄有800多岁吧！外形更特别，它的树干中部伸出长达米的两大侧枝展向前方，恰似一位好客的主人，挥站双臂，热情欢迎海内外的宾客来黄山浏览，成为中华民族热情的象征。等会儿我们还可以在那儿尽情拍照，作为纪念！

黄山在1985年入选全国十大风景名胜区。1990年12月被联合国教科文组织列入《世界文化与自然遗产名录》，中国第一个同时作为文化、自然双重遗产名录的。生态环境保护完好，动植物众多。

没有来过黄山的朋友，大家听了我的介绍，想来黄山游玩吗？

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第三十二篇**

大家好！我是你的导游，欢迎你参观黄山。黄山有四大奇观，奇松怪石，温泉云海。这些风景是世界上独一无二的！

爬黄山，你可以看到许多其他地方找不到的奇怪的松树。这些奇怪的松树中最著名的是迎客松。它的叶子很绿，像一片碧玉，非常茂密，它的树枝向旁边延伸，就像一个村民站在那里张开双臂欢迎你。

爬了这么长时间，相信大家一定发现沿途有很多奇石，有的像小狗看月亮，有的像猫追老鼠，有的像仙女弹钢琴，有的像猴子盯着云海……这些生动有趣的石头可以给黄山增添很多魅力！

这里的温泉名副其实。他们吸引了大量的游客。这里的云海也是如此壮丽。层层叠叠。张开双臂，呼吸新鲜空气。就像来到仙境！

黄山风景秀丽壮丽，久久不能说。希望大家能来这里仔细欣赏。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第三十三篇**

The Yellow Mountain is one of the most famous mountains in China. It lies in the south of Anhui. Every year thousands of Chinese and foreigners pay a visit there. It\'s not far from here. It takes you about three hours to get there by bus. You can also go there by train or by plane. While you are climbing the mountain, you can enjoy the sea of clouds, wondrous pines and unique rocks around you. In the early morning when the sun rises, the sky looks very beautiful. It\'s really a nice place to visit.

黄山是中国最著名的山脉。它位于安徽南部。每年都有成千上万的中国人和外国人那里参观。离这儿不远。大约要三个小时，乘公共汽车到那里。你也可以乘火车或飞机去。当你爬山时，你可以享受的云海，奇妙独特的松树和你周围的岩石。清晨，当太阳升起的时候，天空看起来非常漂亮。这真是一个很好的地方。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第三十四篇**

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这真是一个很好的地方。

**游览黄山英语范文初一 第三十五篇**

It was sunny and warm today. I went to the beach near my home with my best friend Jim. It took us twenty minutes to get there by bike. We walked on the beach, played games, swam in the sea and built up a sand castle. We didn\'t go home until 5:00 in the afternoon. Although we felt tired, we were happy because we really had a good time.

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